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MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1919.

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SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(By courtesy of the "South China Morning Post.")

STRAITS "OUR DAY."

Singapore, March 24.
Singapore's share in the Straits "Our Day" now totals \$636,900.

INFLUENZA AMONG GERMANS.

Singapore, March 24.
It is rumoured that there are some influenza cases amongst the repatriated Germans. All the ships are lying out at the quarantine anchorage.

FRENCH CRUISER AT PENANG.

Singapore, March 24.
The French cruiser Desbreaux has arrived at Penang.

SHANGHAI BANK SWINDLE.

Shanghai, March 23.
A Bank of China messenger is missing with \$40,000. He drew a lakh of dollars from the local branch for the Foochow branch and remitted \$50,000 to Foochow by his servant but disappeared himself with the balance.

DEPORTED GERMANS AT SINGAPORE.

Singapore, March 22.
The Atrous, with 741 German subjects who are being repatriated, has arrived. The Nore and Novara are due to-day and all communication with the shore has been prohibited.

THE STRAITS LOTTERY.

Singapore, March 22.
The Drawing totalled \$478,000. The Red Cross takes \$123,700. The first prize was \$97,000. The Colonial Secretary congratulated the Colony on the success of its "Our Day" efforts and said the 1918 collection was the last and best.

(From "Our Own Correspondent.")

THE STRAITS WAR LOTTERY.

Singapore, March 22.
The Straits War Lottery totalled \$478,000, of which \$325,000 is distributed in prize money.
The first prize, valued \$97,500, was won by Khoo Heng-gan, of Penang; the second, \$55,000, by Chua Yong-son, a Singapore clerk; and the third, \$32,500, by the French Bank at Hanoi.

NEWS BY WIRELESS.

("Daily Bulletin" Service).

PEACE CONFERENCE.

Paris, March 22.
President Wilson will act as Chairman of the League of Nations Commission meeting to-day, when all the proposed amendments will be considered and the plan will take definite form.—American Wireless.

U. S. COTTON CROP.

Washington, March 22.
The finance statistics for the 1918 cotton crop of the Cotton Census Bureau reports that the ginned production was 11,808,118 bales and running bales 12,822,601, the equivalent of 500 lb. bales exclusive of linters.—American Wireless.

FLOTATION OF U. S. BOND ISSUE.

Washington, March 22.
The War Financial Corporation is considering floating a bond issue which will probably total \$200,000,000 and be issued in a few weeks; to provide funds for railroads and to meet the other demands upon the Corporation.—American Wireless.

LOANS TO U. S. FARMERS.

Washington, March 22.
Loans totalling \$14,699,800 have been advanced to farmers in the United States by the Federal Reserve Banks.—American Wireless.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

TO-DAY'S CASES.

The March Criminal Sessions were resumed this morning, both Courts sitting.

(Before the Chief Justice.)

CHARGE OF BRIBERY.

Lo Cheun was charged with receiving a bribe and pleaded not guilty.

The Attorney General, the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by the Crown Solicitor (Mr. G. H. Wakeman) prosecuted, and the accused was defended by Mr. Eldon Porter, instructed by Mr. D. J. Lewis, of Messrs. Johnstone, Stokes and Master.

The jurymen were—Messrs. R. Hunter, E. Arculli, T. L. Scott, G. H. May, S. Goldsmith, J. M. Noronha and W. P. Vermeulen.

Opening the case for the Crown, the Attorney General said the accused, who was a member of the Public Works Department, was charged with accepting a bribe of \$400 from a man named Chung Sik-cheun. The evidence for the prosecution was that the accused is a foreman on the permanent staff of the P. W. D. and had been in that service for about eight years.

With the exception of the present charge there was nothing against the accused, who had carried out his job in a satisfactory manner. His salary was, in all, \$60 per month, therefore the amount of the alleged bribe was six-and-a-half times the amount of accused's salary—a comparatively large sum. On January 14 the accused was on duty as principal foreman, in connection with the work of widening the Tai-po Road. It was not his duty to receive any money. The man from whom the accused was alleged to have received the bribe, Chun, is the manager of a firm of contractors which had contracted to undertake the work of widening the Tai-po Road. Chun would tell them that accused came to his house on January 11, and said "When I come back on Monday will you have \$400 ready for me." Chun then saw Inspector Terrett and showed him four \$100 notes, the numbers of which were taken by Inspector Terrett. Chun eventually handed these notes to accused, which act was witnessed by two Chinese policemen. The accused was then arrested.

The accused said at the Police station, when charged, that he had been promised "cumshaw" by the contractor for looking after the work as the former did not know how to do it properly. He was promised a sum of \$300 but the contractor said he would pay an extra \$100 if an advance of \$4,000 or \$5,000 from the P.W.D. was secured for the Chinese New Year. Accused stated that he told the contractor that he had arranged for the advance and then received the \$400 "cumshaw."

Evidence was then taken, after which the case was adjourned until to-morrow.

(Before the Puisne Judge.)

ARMED ROBBERY.

Cheung Yut was charged with armed robbery, at 131 Shanghai Street, Yaumati, on Jan. 23.

Accused pleaded not guilty.

The Crown Solicitor, Mr. G. H. Wakeman, prosecuted, and the accused was undefended.

The jurymen were—Messrs. W. Macfarlane, W. J. Souza, P. V. A. Bothelo, C. T. Guedes, E. L. Rocha, A. A. Gira and C. Ribeiro. Opening the case for the prosecution, the Crown Solicitor said that No. 131, Shanghai Street was partly occupied by a money changer's and partly by a goldsmith's shop. On January 23, whilst the master of the money changer's shop was sitting behind the counter with his foks, making up five dollar rolls of ten cent pieces, at about 8 o'clock, four men came in. All except the prisoner, who was unarmed, drew revolvers and covered the master and his

TO-DAY'S CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(Wah Tse Yat Po Service.)

Peking, March 23.

American news despatches state that a certain high pro-Japanese Chinese personage is interfering with the Chinese delegates working in Paris and is responsible for Lu Ching-chang's recent resignation which may result unfavourably to China. America holds that the 21 demands and the military agreements infringe American rights in China and is maintaining this attitude throughout the Paris Conference.

Peking papers publish telegrams from Outer Mongolia stating that Japanese Military officers are stirring rebellion among the Mongolians and promising Japanese assistance for independence.

Many Koreans are appealing to the Chinese Government for assistance in their struggle for independence. Telegrams show that Korean unrest is still unabated. Stores and shops are still closing and thousands have been arrested.

Shanghai, March 23.

Fifty-two bodies and organs in Shanghai have wired to Peking and Canton and written to the chief delegates of North and South, demanding the prompt re-opening of the Peace Conference; otherwise they will appeal to the public native and foreign, for judgment. They also have decided to notify the friendly nations not to give North or South any financial help as the people will not recognise any such loans hereafter.

The four Ministers to Peking, (British, American, French, Italian) held a meeting on the 21st and decided to officially protest against the 8th year Domestic Bonds with security on the salt surplus.

Chau Shu-Jan, Shensi Tuchun, is arranging a loan of three millions with the Government cotton mill and mint as security and also another loan of two millions with security on the Sam Yuen iron mine, the Han Chung coal mine, and the Sai An coal mine.

The Mongolian situation is more serious. Ban Kwai-hing, Tuchun of Hak Long Kiang, has sent an urgent telegram to Peking asking Peking to take the necessary measures and reporting a certain country's activities with the Mongolians, who are now prepared to declare independence, making Fulun the capital. Chan Ngai, Resident General at Mongolia, wired to the same effect. Yang Tsang-sun, Tuchun of Sintang, has also reported on the dangerous situation at the frontier there.

Liang Shih-yi's railway syndicate held its second meeting on the 21st inst. More banks have joined.

Peking has cabled advising Luk Ching-chang that Mongolia is proposing to send representatives to Paris asking for recognition of their independence and a certain country will support them.

foks. The prisoner produced a flour bag and started to fill it with rolls of coin and another man took a basket of coin. An alarm was raised and the four men ran away and were chased and caught in a house, a short distance away. The accused was arrested by one of the foks of the shop and was actually in possession of the bag containing the money. When charged at the Police Station, accused said he was passing the shop. He did not know who knocked him down. He fell down on the ground and the money, which was snatched by some other man, was thrown into the road and the man who held him down said he was a robber. The pepper was his. He bought it to take to the country to make cakes with.

Evidence was then taken after which the jury found the accused guilty. Sentence of six years' hard labour and 12 strokes of the "cat" was passed.

NO ACCOMMODATION.

HONGKONG HOTELS FULL.

The Colony's hotel accommodation has been taxed to its utmost, during the week-end, owing to a large number of travellers arriving on the Empress of Asia and other vessels. The local hotels were rapidly filled and many of the visitors have had to remain on board the vessel named.

Local shipping agents have also had their hands full, and applications for connections have been pouring in.

The s.s. Taming arrived from Bangkok, on Sunday, and some of the foreign passengers have had to find accommodation at Chinese Hotels whilst some others are still compelled to remain on board. The arrivals include a large number of missionaries.

BABIES' PENSIONS.

"G. B. S." ON BRITISH "ECCENTRICITIES."

"By a happy coincidence," says Mr. George Bernard Shaw, in the *Dockers Record*, on the subject of Mothers' Pensions, "the moment which the United States threw themselves into the European struggle to destroy life was that in which they threw themselves into the European struggle to save it. President Wilson was the protagonist of the first operation and Judge Henry Neil of the other."

Judge Neil, a man of powerful originality, conceived the startling notion that as a child must, after all, be looked after by somebody until a trustworthy combined incubator, stomach pump, and vacuum cleaner is invented, that somebody may as well be the child's mother. He proposed, in short, to tear the children from the aching arms of the official guardians of the poor and the beggar, and fling them naked on the maternal breast.

"Unnatural as it seemed, the notion had its good points. It was much cheaper; and the children did not die of it as they did in the constricting caresses of the official custodians. Within reason, even a bad mother is better than a good beadle."

Judge Neil had another fresh idea. When the poor mother was flouted out and exhibited as necessarily a bad mother, he pointed out that the way to get over her poverty, and consequently her badness, was to give her some money. When the experiment was only half a success in America he said, "Give her twice as much money," which being done, the experiment became wholly successful.

"When Judge Neil came to England he found, among the other eccentric arrangements of this most unreasonable country, that we had actually instituted old age pensions without ever thinking of the far more pressing need for young age pensions, and he set himself to persuade us that we had begun at the wrong end."

"A still crazier discovery was that a woman with illegitimate children could by a familiar every-day process of law obtain a pension of five shillings a week for each child provided she selected the father from the well-to-do class which can afford such luxuries. No doubt this arrangement tends to abolish class hatred by encouraging affectionate relations between the proletariat and the bourgeois; but Judge Neil could not be made to understand why a respectable married woman, struggling to bring up six children, should have a starvation pittance doled out to her with every circumstance of bitter, humiliating, and continuous insult, whilst a less scrupulous one should have twice as much."

"The Judge makes helps instead of hindrances of these anomalies. They enable him to show us what fools we are in a good-humoured manner. He is gaining ground here, as he did in his own country."

DAY-BY DAY.

Our report of Saturday's football is unavoidably held over.

Mr. F. W. G. Clark, of Messrs. Shawan, Tomes and Co., has been elected an Associate Member of the Institute of Mechanical Engineers.

We learn that the sale of consignments of Whittaker's Almanack for 1919, which have reached the East and Far East, has been prohibited "until cancelled pages are advised."

In a case heard before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning in which a Chinese boy was ordered to be birched and to be detained for 48 hours for stealing a rain-coat belonging to a Japanese who left it in a ricksha whilst he entered a house in Spring Garden Lane, it was stated by Inspector Kent that a gang of boys often visited the houses in this street and stole articles belonging to the visitors, who were disinclined to take measures for their arrest, partly from the fact that they were incapable, being under the influence of drink, and partly from an apprehension that prosecution would lead to publicity concerning their being found in such an ill-famed district.

For soliciting near the Murray Barracks, a Chinese woman was arrested by Sergeant Briant of the Garrison Military Police and when charged before Mr. G. N. Orme this morning was sent to prison for three months without the option of a fine. The prosecuting Police Officer, Inspector Kent, said that he knew for a fact that a number of street walkers made it a practice of parading the streets in this locality with a view to soliciting from the soldiers. He cited an instance the other day when some soldiers had to be sent to hospital as the result of acquiring disease in the locality. The Military authorities, he said, wanted to put a stop to this practice, which was doing incalculable harm. Following instructions given to the Military Police, a Chinese woman was arrested last Friday and on the following day was sentenced by Mr. R. E. Lindell.

The net which the Police have for some time past been spreading in the vicinity of King's Street, Wanchai, for gathering in an elusive gang of gamblers was yesterday productive of results in that 12 Chinese were caught at No. 16, King's Street and were to-day brought before Mr. G. N. Orme at the Magistracy and each fined \$3. It was stated by Sergeant Cooke that this gang was a very slippery one. They had continually evaded the Police by ever changing their headquarters. In the present case, the Police took the precaution of taking out six different warrants to cover the search. A humorous outcome of the search was that one Chinese policeman was drawn into the Police net. This bright ornament of the law, who was supposed to be on duty on his beat near the locality, found the game too irresistible, and he was surprised by the raiding party whilst hobnobbing with the gamblers and participating in the game. He attempted to bolt by jumping through the window along with several other gamblers. When the O.S.P. was informed, he ordered the constable to be brought before the Magistrate. Inspector Kent told Mr. Orme that the constable would probably be dismissed from the Force after he had served his sentence, which was one month's hard labour.

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 3s. 1.15-16d.

The Weather.

Forecast—rain. Barometer—29.80. Temperature 2 p.m.—77. Humidity 2 p.m.—87.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph.")

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, Mar. 24.

The silver market is steady.

A SHOOTING TRAGEDY.

DISTRESSING INCIDENT.

A distressing shooting tragedy occurred on board the s.s. Kong-ming, on Saturday. The vessel came to Hongkong from Canton and at 2.10 p.m. on Saturday, when the boat was off Machan Island, in Chinese waters, a revolver shot was heard in the Captain's cabin. Going into the cabin, the quartermaster found Captain Jones lying dead with a gushing wound in the head and his revolver by his side.

The tragedy is somewhat shrouded in mystery. When the vessel came into the harbour the Police went on board and removed the body to the Mortuary. The s.s. Kongming is one of Banker Line vessels. Captain Jones was a popular figure in the Colony, and was 55 years old. The funeral takes place to-day.

A later report made by the Police says that when the Kong-ming was off Machan Island, in Chinese territorial waters, a shot was heard in the Captain's cabin, and when the officers of the ship entered, they found the Captain in a prostrate position with a bullet wound in his head. The circumstances point to it being a case of suicide.

Passengers arriving by the Empress of Asia included Mr. and Mrs. H. Humphreys, Mr. and Mrs. A.S.D. Couland, Mrs. C. H. P. Hay, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. L. Mitchell, Mrs. N. L. Watson and Mrs. J. J. Gorman.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

"Pinks and the Fairies"—Theatre Royal 9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Coronet Theatre—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.—Extraordinary general meeting at 3.55, annual meeting at 4 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Coronet Theatre—9.15 p.m.

NOTICES



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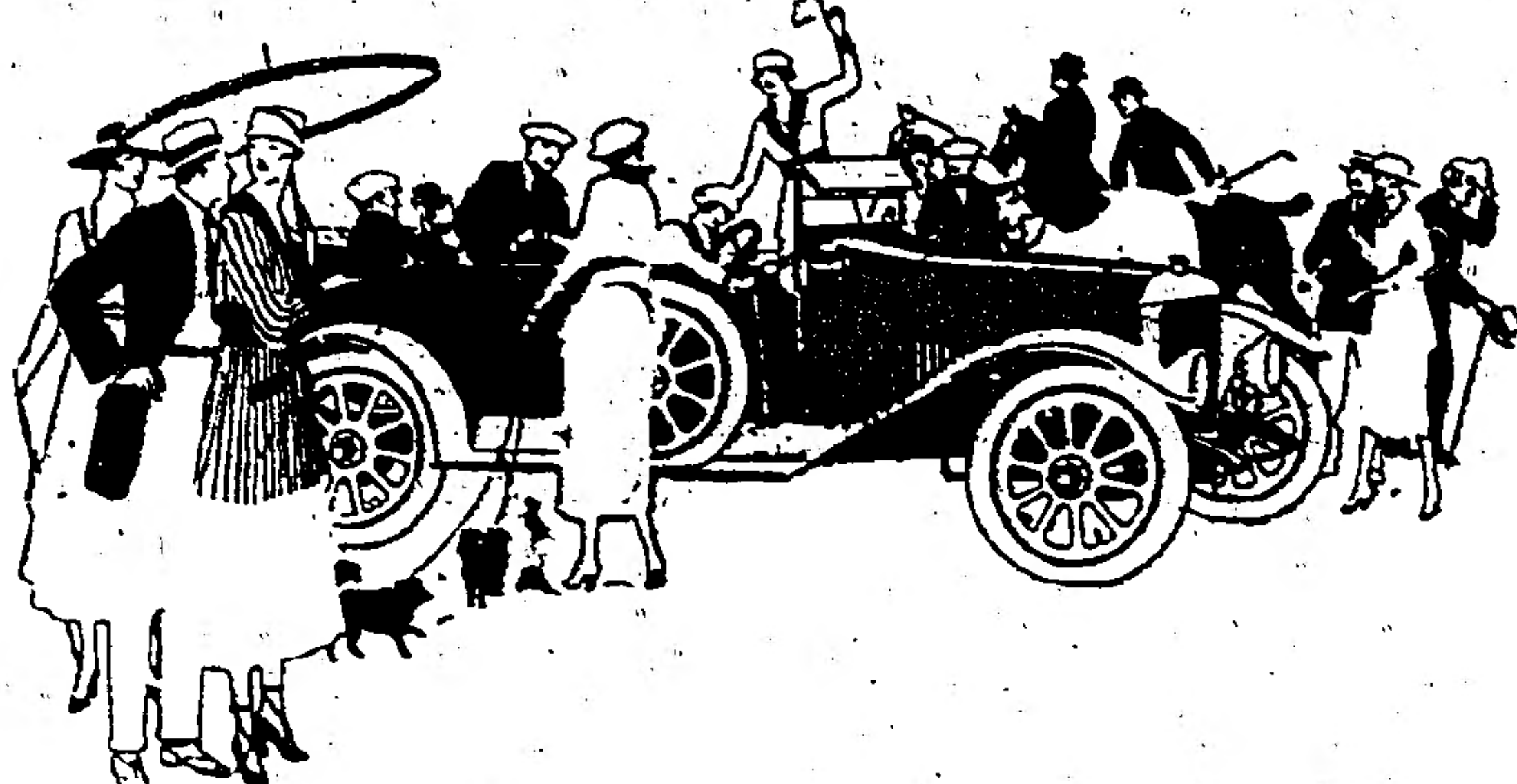
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**HISTORIC PHRASES IN
BATTLE CRUISES.**

**GERMANS TOLD TO "GO
TO HELL."**

War has developed many
dramatic phrases, slogans, terse
epigrams, or laconic statements,
says the *New York Evening Post*.
Looking back over four years of
fighting, it appears that the
majority of these grew out of
tense crises in battles, or marked
historic moments.

For example, the slogan "They
shall not pass." During the
tremendous fighting in front of
Verdun, when the Germans
made their drive to break
through the French battle lines
in 1916, this saying passed from
lip to lip among the French
soldiers. How it originated is
not clear. Some have attributed
it to Marshal Joffre, others
to Marshal Petain, who was in
command of the French fighting
forces at Verdun. Others believe
the saying originated with the
men in the ranks. In any event,
they adopted it, and for months,
while the Germans threw their
battalions upon the forts around
the French city, the saying

"They shall not pass" became
the watchword at Verdun. And
they did not pass.

There are significance and
inspiration in the utterance of
Gen. Pershing when he placed a
wreath on the tomb of Lafayette
in the Picpus Cemetery in Paris.
"Lafayette, we are here," was all
but to the American, as well as
to the Frenchman, it was better
than oratory. It meant: "We
are here for business, and our
business is to fight." Its modesty
thrilled the hearts of people at
home.

Another phrase which stirred
the patriotism of the American
commander at Chateau-Thierry,
when he responded to the advice
of French commanders to retreat,
by declaring: "The American
flag has been compelled to retire.
This is unendurable. We are
going to counter-attack." These
statements have been attributed to
both Major-Gen. Robert L. Hul-
lard and to Major-Gen. Omar
Bundy. From that time the
Americans advanced. The victory
of Chateau-Thierry followed, and
the German Army retreated.

Vice-Admiral William S. Sims,
commanding the American naval
forces in European waters, was
asked, when the first Yankee war-
ships arrived in England early in

May, 1917, "When will you be
ready for business?" He replied,
"We can start at once. We made
our preparations on the way
over."

Gen. Pershing placed the
American army under the com-
mand of Gen. Foch, who had
just been made commander of the
Allied forces. One phrase that
Gen. Pershing used was: "All
that we have are yours. Dispose
of them as you will."

The retort of Major Charles
Whittlesey, commander of the
"lost battalion" of the American
army in the Argonne forest when
the Germans surrounded his
isolated command and demanded
surrender, was one historic
phrase: "Go to hell!" he replied.

The first great battle of the
war, the Marne, brought from
Marshal Joffre the words: "The
hour has come to advance at all
costs; to die where you stand
rather than to give way." Gen.
Petain inspired his weary troops,
at Verdun by an order of the day
concluding with the words:
"Courage, we will get them."

Gen. Foch, commanding the
French army in the first battle of
the Marne, had been almost over-
whelmed by the onward sweep
of the German forces. In a
memorable message to Joffre he
said: "My right is crushed. My
left is in retreat. I am
attacking with my centre." He
did attack and drove a wedge
through the German lines that
started their retreat to the
Aisne.

The people of Paris were
stunned by the rapidity with
which the Germans advanced in
their first rush toward the French
capital. The railway stations
were besieged, but the great
majority of the people knew they
must remain. In this tragic
moment Gen. Gallieni, military
commander of the city, inspired
confidence and cheered the faint-
hearted with his watchword,
"Jusqu'a bout," or "To the very
end." The populace took up the
cry and Gallieni with his army
played a signal part in hurling
back the legions of von Kluck.

NAVAL PRISONERS' PROMOTION.

The Admiralty have directed
that in dealing with the advance-
ment of continuous service rat-
ings repatriated after having been
interned or prisoners of war, the
general principle is to be followed
that men who are qualified for
promotion are to be advanced to
the higher rank or rating and
draw the higher pay from the
date on which they would have
been promoted in the ordinary
course had they not been taken
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COLONEL'S WIFE SENTENCED.

The wife of a Colonel in the
Indian Army was sentenced at
Mysore recently to six
months' imprisonment in the
second division for obtaining £150
by fraud from Abraham Cohen.
She took a furnished flat at
Hampstead from Mrs. Morton,
widow of Mr. Charles Morton of
the Palace Theatre, and gave
Cohen a bill of sale for £150 on
furniture, which she said was her
own. She also pawned all the
articles of value in the flat. There
were also three warrants against
her for fraud at Weston-super-
Mare. It was stated that she had
lost her two sons, aged 21 and 20,
in the war, and had given way to
excessive drinking, which had
affected her moral responsibility.
No fewer than 150 wine and
spirit bottles were found in the
flat.

LAWN TENNIS.

AFTER FIVE YEARS.

As the risk of causing an epidemic of apoplexy among patriotic and stentorian old gentlemen, it is suggested here that the game they poolish as pat-ball has proved itself an admirable warfare—possibly the best of them all. War, with its synchronized watches and its road-making, has been an apter teacher than any professional philosopher in bringing home to leisurely, redundant England the meaning and importance of time and space; and of all her standard games there is none so economical of both—and at the same time of apparatus—as lawn tennis.

Boxing?—the criticism to be passed on boxing as a recreation at time of war is that, like football, it has too much in common with the business of the moment to offer the complete change which is essential to relaxation. Cricket, like other gentlemen, gave up his broad acres to national purpose at once and without protest when war was declared; there is a rumour of vegetables planted on a certain cherished pitch; none of them came up, and the groundman is in an asylum, but it is the spirit which counts in these things. One pictures cricket dropping into the background and rather pleased at the opportunity of showing that he had known himself not to be an industry all the time that well-meaning acquaintances were calculating his averages to three places of decimals. (As if cricket were not too English to have any truck with those damned dots!) The hours of play, the pace of scoring, the "playable" conditions, all were changed; in fact, cricket became so completely adapted to the new circumstances that it was hardly the thing to make a lot of runs.

But lawn tennis remained the same game. It has been much played in an unobtrusive way, and busy men owe to it needed exercise not otherwise procurable. Hard courts require little attention, and as for grass courts, a bunker or so more or less is not noticed; the courts were there when the players had leisure. At first the majority declined to admit the existence of leisure. One player—he is usually referred to as "a prominent exponent"—solemnly broke his racket upon the fall of of Liege—though he was not likely to hit Haas half as hard with anything else—and denounced lawn tennis as frivolity—some day, "pestilent frivolity."

But after he had got himself into khaki it must have been suggested to him that to appear in it among the befeathered was to be a shining example—an action that intelligent patriotism clearly demanded of him. At any rate, he took to paying, at first intermittent, and then regular, visits to his old haunts. But if the game was the same, the spirit in which it was played was different. Perhaps it would be more accurate to say the spirit in which it was discussed. To be pursued will test by a grown man, a lawn-tennis ball must bulk to him as the great globe itself. This it very properly remained while in flight. But it became a ball again—a soft ball—when boxed. Again, a defeat by that promising youngster who used to want 15 to make a fight of it had ceased to be—as in the preceding lustrum—a mystery, a catastrophe, and an outrage. That defeat was a token of a serious life; it was found to be a less interesting topic than the "communique"; it was—it was best not mentioned lest the speaker be confounded with Old—who had been overheard complaining of the consequences of a certain false bound just after the news of the first gas attack came through, and who was said to have taken a reference to a German invasion to apply to the doings of Herr Froitzheim at Wimbledon in 1914.

That fine player will not be seen at the Wimbledon Championships which are to begin on June 23, 1919; all enemy aliens are to be excluded; and if this decision is to be regretted upon technical grounds, any other is open to objections too obvious to need mention.

On the other hand, a large entry list may be looked for from the Alien countries. Rumania may go some way in

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16 QUEEN'S ROAD

one championship with Mr. N. Misha, and France in another with Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen. Veterans of the Western front will be entertained to learn that this young lady is an authentic Champion of Picardy—she won the title at the mature age of 24. Another player who would be new and welcome to Wimbledon is Mr. C. B. Herd, of the U.S. Navy. His service is faster than that of that human catapult, Mr. McLoughlin; so those say who have stood up to and survived both. The British Navy is credited with a coming player in Lieutenant P. F. Glover, a half-brother of Lieutenant-Colonel Kingscote's. The latter has been seen playing well himself, and in the intervals of acquiring military distinctions Major A. H. Lowe has found time to keep up his driving. Major T. M. Matrogordato also has played from time to time. Major J. C. Parke received a wound early in the war, and recovered from it sufficiently to receive another. These four, it will be remembered, constituted the last British Davis Cup team. Lieutenant A. E. Beamish—a possible choice for that team—is said to have improved.

But as the last five years will have affected nerves and muscles in various ways, it will be prudent to defer any formal estimate and classification of players until after the Covered Court Tournament which will be held in the spring (if permission is granted) at Queen's Club.

MOHAMMEDAN SECRET SOCIETY.

It is learned that some young Mohammedans, who are members of the Wolf Head Society, a secret society organized by turbulent Mohammedans in Kansu, Shensi and Sinkiang, are secretly agitating for the separation of these provinces from China Proper so that an independent Mohammedan State can be established in the east of Asia.

GENERAL NEWS.

BRAVEST ACT OF THE WAR.

Which was the most gallant recorded act of the war? This question was discussed at a gathering in Liverpool. A Jutland battle incident was regarded, says the *Liverpool Post* as unsurpassed. A group of sailors were clinging to some wreckage. They knew there was no hope of rescue, and yet when a destroyer passed, steaming full speed into action, they made no appeal for help. Instead they heroically cheered her on.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS SEED.

An action in which the Prince and Princess of Pless—who are both now in Germany—figured as defendants was before Mr. Justice Peterson in the Chancery Division recently. The plaintiff was Mr. Fredk. Seymour Salaman, trustee in bankruptcy of Mr. George Frederick Cornwallis West. Mr. Whately said the action was brought to set aside leases granted by the late William Cornwallis Cornwallis West to his son-in-law, the Prince of Pless for 21 years, of the mansion house, Newlands Manor, Milford, Hants and Ruthin Castle, Denbigh, and to his daughter, the Princess of Pless of the Batchley estates and Arnewood House, Hants, on the ground that they were not genuine leases, but were at an undervalue and the result of collusive arrangements between the late William Cornwallis Cornwallis West and his daughter and son-in-law for the purpose of injuring the rights of his son. Mr. George Frederick Cornwallis West—Mr. Sheldon said that they had no communication with the defendants, or any means of acquainting them with the proceedings. His Lordship entered judgment for the plaintiff, and said that if the order for substituted service was obtained irregularly, proceedings could be taken to set aside his judgment.

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The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1919.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

One of the cables received over the week-end shows that Far Eastern affairs are now being brought to the fore in Paris in connection with the conferences being held by the representatives of the Allied nations. At the moment, nothing has been divulged concerning the decisions which are likely to be arrived at regarding the claims of Japan and China, but that the delegates of both these countries wish to secure a full hearing of their respective viewpoints is evident from the fact that they have issued statements to the journalists now gathered in the French capital. From the very commencement of the Allied sittings it has been clear that the Japanese and Chinese representatives have not seen eye to eye on Eastern issues; the Chinese, particularly, have created the impression that they do not trust Japan, and they have not hesitated to say some unpleasant things about their near neighbour. Japan, on the other hand, has, through her delegates and by official statements issued from Tokyo, professed the kindest feelings towards China, and has laboured hard to inform the world that she has no designs on either the integrity or the independence of China. It will be for the other Allied delegates to pass judgment on the issues raised. Their decisions will be awaited with the deepest interest.

When we come to examine the respective statements made by the Japanese and Chinese delegates, it becomes clear that both are rather over-stating the facts. No-one who has China's welfare at heart will find fault with her desire to be free of some of the burdens which have been imposed on her, especially by the German privileges in Shantung. Neither can it be considered unreasonable that they should expect Japan to fulfil her promise to relinquish her hold on Kiaochow. The famous twenty-one demands made by the Japanese are also rightly resented, since they were only acceded to under distinct pressure. But we are inclined to suspend judgment on the allegation that Japan prevented China from joining in the war in 1914 and 1915, in the absence of any official disclosures confirming the statement. We pressure it is doubtful if China would ever have "come in." There have all through the war been prominent Chinese politicians who have been decidedly pro-German, and we are not convinced that there are not still many such in China. We must take, too, with a pinch of salt the assertion that only lack of tonnage prevented China from sending a hundred thousand troops to Europe. China is naturally anxious, at this particular juncture, to make out a case showing herself in the light of a most enthusiastic but unfortunately placed Ally. Her record, however, is scarcely such as to justify that view. What she has done is, we are sure, fully appreciated. But how much more might she not have done?

If the Chinese delegates have rather over-painted the picture, the same can be said of the Japanese. It will be generally agreed that Japan has been a far more valuable Ally than China has. There is, however, another side which cannot be overlooked. The Japanese delegates are rejoicing that a new era is dawning in which Right is to prevail over Force, but there have been instances in Japan's dealings with China which suggest that Japanese policy has not always been based on that standard. The Japanese may, as Marquis Saionji says, have just and legitimate aspirations in the Far East, but we shall want to know a little bit more about them before being convinced that, as interpreted by Japan, they can be acceptable to China; or indeed, to other Powers. It is a very pretty dream which the Marquis conjures up of the peaceful union of the Eastern world, with the Western world under a League of Nations in perfect harmony and will. But on practical issues there is much in the Eastern situation which will need clearing up before we can pin our belief in the probability of its coming true. Anyhow, both China and Japan are now given a chance of actually demonstrating their good faith. We trust that they will utilise the occasion wisely and well.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

REVELATIONS.

Whatever may be said against the workers' standpoint, it is clear that some of the revelations made before the Coal Commission have been distinctly unfortunate for the owners. Conditions of labour and of housing accommodation in mining districts have been exposed which will surely gain a deal of sympathy for the miners' demands, especially when these are contrasted with the tremendous profits which have fallen to the capitalists. We fear that an analysis of the facts will show, at any rate so far as some of the mines are concerned, that the Socialistic allegations of the producers, the essential people, being ground down under harsh conditions while the owners reap in the spoils of their labour, are pretty near the truth. The Chairman of the Scottish Miners is said to have started the Commission by a recital of facts and figures regarding the dangers of the calling and the abominable housing conditions prevailing. The owners' reply to these disclosures was that if things were as described, they must be put right. Of course they must, but we hardly think the public will believe that the owners have all this time been ignorant of the actual situation in this regard.

LABOUR'S DEMANDS.

The more we look into the present industrial situation at Home the more are we convinced that large concessions will have to be made to Labour if a crisis of unprecedented magnitude is to be avoided. The workers, now fully conscious of their power, are not going to be satisfied with vague, indefinite promises, neither will the employment of catch phrases conciliate them. The speech from the Throne the other day spoke of the necessity of a fairer distribution of the country's wealth. That will have to come. Mr. J. H. Thomas, who is no scaremonger or alarmist, but about the sanest and most level-headed Labour M.P. we have, says quite frankly that it is impossible for the Union leaders to control the men, who mean to get all their demands, including nationalisation of railways and mines, or to fight. That is the situation which has to be faced. We do not know that it would be the best possible solution of the present problems to concede the whole of Labour's demands, but we would a thousand times rather see a trial given thereto than have the grim spectre of Bolshevism raised in the Old Country. The position as it is to-day is a most delicate one, charged with grave possibilities. Real statesmanship will be needed to prevent a crisis being reached.

THE RIGHT COURSE.

We are glad to see that the Allies, whilst tempering justice with mercy, are taking no chances with the Germans. At the recent gathering of Entente and German delegates at Brussels, Admiral Weymss was determined to let the Germans know that whatever concessions were made to them were by the grace of the Allies and not by reason of German demands. Before he mentioned the subject of revictualising Germany, he got formal consent to the surrender of the German Merchant Marine. Then he explained what the Entente were prepared to do in the way of feeding the starving. That is the only course to take when dealing with Hun. Germany "is beaten, and she must show herself to be conscious of the fact. She cannot, however, complain of lack of civility on the part of her conquerors. Under the observance of strict conditions, the Allies are willing to come to the aid of the distressed populace. They are not making it their business to humiliate the Germans unduly. They are great enough and large-hearted enough to assist even those whom they have lain low.

SHAMEEN NOTES.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

In the Canton Club Spring Billiard Handicap the final was played last evening and resulted in the very popular win for M. Drevard by only 23 points from Mr. P. Stijfbergen. M. Drevard played a most consistent game.

The Golf Competition at Tungshan Recreation Club Links for the Captain's Cup of 1918 has reached the final stage, leaving Mr. J. T. Smith and Mr. O. E. Watson to fight the final out. The date is not as yet fixed but it is anticipated to be played off next week-end. There is much speculation as to the winner.

DAY-BY-DAY.

WORK YOUR EYES AND EARS OVERTIME, BUT GIVE YOUR TONGUE AN OCCASIONAL HOLIDAY.

The Peak Tramways time-table has been revised. Our readers are referred for details to the advertisement elsewhere.

St. Stephen's College hold their annual athletic sports on April 1 at Happy Valley. Mrs. E. J. Barnett will distribute the prizes.

A father and son banquet, the first of its nature in public in Canton, was held under the auspices of the Boys Department in the Y.M.C.A. last Saturday evening, March 22, more than forty fathers and sons attending.

"Pinkie" will be enacted by Miss Marjorie Stewart to-night and at the Wednesday matinee as well as the final performance on Saturday, the 28th inst. Miss Georgia Mosser will undertake the role on Tuesday night and the Thursday matinee.

A Chinese from Australia was this morning fined \$100 by Mr. R. E. Lindell for having two pistol magazines and 244 rounds of ammunition in his possession. He was arrested on the Hau Tak Wharf and said he intended to take the arms to his country place.

To show their high esteem for their departing chiefs, the Staff of the Chinese Post Office at Canton formally presented to the Postal Commissioner, Mr. O. H. Shields a large silver cup on Saturday morning. Mr. Cheung Man-ling the Deputy Chinese Postal Commissioner, in a few appropriate words, expressed the sentiment of the employees of the service when handing the souvenir to the recipient. Commissioner Shields expects to depart for England on leave early next month.

Mr. G. N. Orme this morning had before him a smuggler of opium who was caught on the Macao steamer wharf with two tins of opium concealed on his person. Of course, he had a story to tell to prove that he was innocent. He said a passenger on the Macao boat, who was a friend of his, had requested him to carry the opium for him. That friend could not be produced as he had left for Macao by the steamer. The Magistrate was quick to perceive the discrepancy in this man's story and he fined him \$150, or, in default, two months' hard labour.

Mr. J. H. Gardener, attended this morning before Mr. R. E. Lindell and entered a plea of guilty, with a request for leniency, on behalf of a Chinese who was arrested in Connaught Road Central for being in unlawful possession of an incomplete revolver and 222 rounds of ammunition. Mr. Gardener said his client had just come to the Colony from Canada by the Empress of Asia, and the Police did not suggest that the arms were intended to be used in Hongkong. Inspector Boulger said that except for two parts of the revolver which had been removed, the weapon was quite serviceable. A fine of \$150 was imposed, the arms being confiscated.

As a result of a search made by Sergeant Hollands on No. 54, New Market Street a Chinese was arrested and tried before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning, on a charge of being in possession of a number of English, Mexican and Chinese counterfeit coins of various denominations, which were found concealed in a box in his cubicle. He told the Magistrate that the coins were put into his box by some one who had a grudge against him. The Magistrate said: "I don't believe your statement. It was most improbable that the coins were put in your trunk without your knowledge." On three counts into which the charge was divided, his Worship passed sentence of six months' hard labour. The option of a \$150 fine for the last two counts was granted.

CURRENT COIN.

[BY "MERCANTOR"]

There has been more activity on the local Stock Exchange during the week, owing to the ups and downs of Fortune and of the speculators who wait upon her. On the whole, stocks have been firmer and show increases all round. The Stock Exchange last week was chiefly noteworthy for a little spurt in China Sugars, Hongkong Wharves and Hongkong Docks. At the beginning of the week China Sugars were \$116 sellers, to-day they are at \$120. Hongkong Wharves registered an advance of \$3 per share, while Hongkong Docks finished very firm to-day at \$160½, against \$153 sellers, at the beginning of the week. Even Shanghai Docks, which have been very sluggish during the last three weeks, have now gone up to tals 131½.

There has been a bear squeeze in Shanghai cottons, especially on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Numerous speculators, who sold shares bear, are to-day lamenting like Jeremiah. They thought that this heavy-selling would cause holders to be panicky and enforce unloading. But it turned just the reverse. The shareholders sat tight on their holdings and to-day there is a scramble for cotton shares to cover short selling. The cotton speculators have got it on the neck.

A telegram from Shanghai, which appeared in the Hongkong Telegraph of last Saturday, states that the Directors of the New Engineering Company have declared a dividend of thirty per cent. There is much discontent amongst the shareholders regarding the allocation of the profits. They maintain that the Directors could have easily declared a higher dividend. As a matter of fact, the balance sheet and the profit and loss account of the Company show that a dividend higher than 30 per cent. could have been comfortably paid. There was a protest meeting of the shareholders, and the Directors made a statement that they were not concerned with the yield at the present market price. Some speculators have paid as much as 23 tals per share on the idea of getting a big dividend. To return to an investor at the present market rate, it is not the policy of any sound joint-stock concern, in declaring a dividend, to take stock of this factor. If speculators desire to pay 23 tals for a share whose face value is 5 tals, it is not the Directors' duty to see that the dividend that they declare would compensate the speculative holders handsomely. This is a novel complaint. That's as far as the complaint that the dividend on the basis of the present market rate is low, but the question that the profits made during the last year justify a higher distribution is quite a different pair of shoes.

There seems to be some discontent in the ranks of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock shareholders. The Company made a profit of \$2,300,000 last year on a capital of \$3,000,000. This is almost equal to the capital, and yet the shareholders got the same dividend (\$6) as the previous year, when they made about \$1,000,000 profit. Last year there was talk of a bonus and people bought heavily. When the balance sheet was issued the question of bonus was *non est* and quotations slumped. This year there was no talk of giving a bonus, but when the balance sheet was published some shareholders did not believe their eyes when they read the announcement of a distribution of a bonus of \$4 per share.

A direct contrast to the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company is the Hongkong Rope Company, who have paid nearly the whole of their capital in bonus. They have distributed

HONGKONG A.D.C.

SATURDAY'S PERFORMANCE.

A crowded house witnessed the second performance of "Pinkie and the Fairies" at the Theatre Royal on Saturday night, and everyone was delighted with the gorgeous production. If possible, the play went with even more smoothness than ever, whilst the magnificence of the staging and beautiful lighting effects made a lasting impression on all present. On this occasion, the role of Pinkie was taken by Miss Georgia Mosser, a charming little girl who played the part as to the manner born. She was delightfully natural all through the play; she spoke her words most clearly and her whole demeanour was that of a refined and talented little actress. All the other characters were again well taken, and the whole performance was thoroughly enjoyable. Everyone agrees that "Pinkie and the Fairies" is one of the A.D.C.'s greatest triumphs.

The remaining performances will doubtless draw large and appreciative audiences.

ed a dividend of \$3.50 and a bonus of \$5.50 per share.

The goldsmith's extremity is the crook's opportunity. During the years of dearth brought about by the war the free inflow of gold into England had been suspended. There has been this curious paradox, however, that the embargo on gold had apparently a stimulating effect on the manufacture of gold. All manner of people have engaged in the hunt for gold. The crook has not been behind-hand in the adventure. It is largely due to his ingenuity and enterprise that among the manifold privations of war there was no serious shortage of gold wares. He did his bit in bringing to light the hoarded gold coins which the Home-land proved to be unexpectedly rich. It was forbidden gold, but that added zest to the quest.

For sometime after the Armistice the trade between Japan and China was not so active as before, but on account of the improvement of exchange in China, Japanese trade with China has begun to improve. That is to say, nowadays orders are going from Chinese consumers to the Japanese market for cotton goods, sugar, etc. Conditions in China seem to be improving gradually, which will facilitate Japanese trade.

Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Co., in their annual bullion letter, state that as long as the United States Government is pledged to re-purchase at a dollar the ounce the bullion of melted United States coin, which it placed at the disposal of the Indian Mint (at present amounting to 115,000,000 ounces), the price cannot fall much, if at all, below 48d. (allowing for the return of the American exchange to a normal figure). If there were no external competition with the United States Government, the re-purchase of this bullion, together with local trade requirements, would absorb probably two years' production of that country.

Trade all over the world has felt the lack of silver. Hence quite a good and continuous demand may be expected from many quarters. As to coinage demand generally, no positive views can be expressed, for currency arrangements are now in a state of flux, which renders future policy as to the precious metals uncertain. In view of the shortage of gold that may prevail for many years to come large supplies of silver for currency reserves may be considered desirable in other quarters. It must not be forgotten that many millions of silver medals will be struck.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

It is rather remarkable that, though the Royal Academy has been in existence for a century and a half, Sir Edward Poynter, who has recently resigned the presidency, was only the ninth holder of the office. The first president, of course, was Sir Joshua Reynolds, who was followed by Benjamin West, Sir Thomas Lawrence, Sir M. A. S. Sir Charles Eastlake, Sir Francis Grant, Lord Leighton, and Sir John Millais. Sir Edward succeeded the last named in 1896.

The new editor of *The Times*, London, Mr. Wickham Steed, was widely known before the war as *Times* correspondent at Vienna where he had been stationed for eleven years. Before that he had represented *The Times* at Rome and Berlin. With the possible exception of Dr. Dillon no correspondent who writes in an English language newspaper has so intimate and extensive a knowledge of European politics. His book, "The Hapsburg Monarchy" is one of the most brilliant expositions ever penned of a difficult and obscure subject. Mr. Dawson is 41 years old; Mr. Steed is 47; both are unmarried. Mr. Steed has written on the Socialist movement in Britain, Germany and France and (in French) on La Democratie Britannique, publications which possibly show the bent of his interests. It is scarcely to be expected that he will be so conscious of and so sympathetic with the ideals of the rising nations of the British Commonwealth as was Mr. Dawson, but it is certain that under his guidance *The Times* will occupy a position of the greatest authority in regard to politics of Europe.

A league of nations to enforce peace is as old as the hills. There is nothing new under the sun—which is old in itself—and the birth of the idea, so far as history shows, dates back to 1023, when Robert II of France, known as The Godly, and Henry II of Germany, known as The Holy met one August day on the banks of the River Meuse to discuss universal peace in monarchical and kingly manner. After considerable talk, which resulted in nothing tangible, they decided to go to Paris the next year to consult Pope Benedict VIII. But the Pope and Henry, both being old, died before the meeting could take place. Henry's successor to the throne of Germany was ambitious, and instead of desiring universal peace, the world had universal war. Three hundred years later Dubois revived the scheme, and outlined a plan to Philip IV of France, but the nations were too busy fighting to think of peace. But the idea germinated, and in 1517 Desiderius Erasmus mentions it as a favourite project to "assemble a congress of Kings at Cambrai" who were to "enter into a mutual and indissoluble engagement to preserve the peace with each other and throughout Europe." The Emperor Maximilian, Francis I of France, Henry VIII of England, and Charles, sovereign of the Low Countries, were to meet, but nothing came of the project. A hundred years later Emerie Cruce, in his book "Le Nouveau Cyneas" outlined his plan. It was published in 1522 and called "The New Cyneas" in honour of Cyneas, the famous Thessalian orator. Cruce proposed the establishment of a universal union that should include Persia, China, Ethiopia, the East and West Indies, and the world in general. All nations were to be represented by ambassadors, who should hold session at a neutral spot, Venice being suggested as being indifferent to princes.

A TANK IMPOSTOR.

William Charles Williams, who at Cardiff recently was sent to prison for six months' hard labour for wearing without authority the uniform of a Royal Naval petty officer with two wound stripes, four service stripes, and three medal ribbons, was employed by the War Savings Committee, and lectured up and down the country with the tanks. At West Harlepool he was given a public testimonial.

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Summer Waists.

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SIBERIAN WAR
COMFORTS.

THE NEED FOR HELP.

As we briefly intimated on Saturday, Mrs. Stabb has received important communications from General Sir C. Herbert Powell, British Red Cross Commissioner in Vladivostok, and from Miss Sheriff MacGregor, Matron-in-Chief, British Red Cross Commission, Vladivostok, dealing with the needs of the Allied soldiers in Siberia.

The letters are too lengthy for reproduction in full, but it may be mentioned that articles marked on Miss Sheriff MacGregor's list as wanted are:—Clothing for refugees (urgently needed all the time), handkerchiefs, dressing-gowns, food-covers, mops, wash-cloths.

Mrs. Stabb writes:—From these and from information kindly given by Mr. Rappa and by Dr. Everole, of the American Red Cross, who passed through recently in charge of a shipload of Czech soldiers, it would appear that the need in Siberia is very real indeed and that the British Red Cross is relying on the efforts of the Work Parties in the several ports to help them through the emergencies of the fire of February 5th, when all the Red Cross stores were destroyed, and epidemics of typhus and cholera of which they are apprehensive. They ask for garments and comforts for our own British troops, and as there are not a very great number of these, it is thought that the Work Parties can easily cope with the appeals, especially if, as is hoped, co-ordination with Shanghai and Singapore is established.

There is now enough wool and material in stock to last the Work Parties two months more; and the War Charities Committees have very generously promised further financial aid when this is finished.

At a meeting, on March 5th, of the Hongkong Branch of the Q. M. N. G., it was decided to continue work as long as our own men were depending on us for comforts, and that the funds of this need should be laid before the workers, asking them to face the prospect of another summer's work. It is proposed that Hongkong's share of the list of articles asked for should be shirts, pants, vests, pyjamas, socks and knitted comforts, handkerchiefs, mosquito-nets, food-covers, mops and flour scrubbers, bandages and surgical supplies.

The Committee for the Hongkong Branch of the Q. M. N. G., during the summer, will be as follows:—

Acting President, Mrs. Stabb; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Hickling; Hon. Treas., Mrs. Mackenzie; Buying Committee, Mrs. Chatham, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mrs. Knight; City Hall Work Party, Mrs. Stabb; Chinese Ladies' Work Party, Mrs. V. Chan; Jewish Recreation Work Party, Mrs. E. M. Raymond; Mothers Union Work Party, Mrs. Walmesley; Kongmoon Work Party, Mrs. Broadfoot; Union Church Work Party, Mrs. Macconchie; Naval and Dockyard Work Party, Mrs. Gurner; Wesleyan Church Work Party, Mrs. Gimblett; Catholic Women's League Work Party, Miss Loureiro; Peak Club Bandage-making Work Party, Mrs. G. M. Harston; Unkly Workers Party, Mrs. Young; Shipping Secretary, Mrs. Joseph W. Taylor.

The Helena May Bandage-making Class, under Mrs. Jordan, have had to cease work as a separate party, owing to so many members having left for Home, others having gone to live on the Peak. Much regret is felt at this closing-down, as not only did it usually send in the largest contributions to the bandage packings, but it was one of the very earliest units of the Associated Work Parties, being the direct descendant of the large weekly meeting organized by Mrs. Philips in the City Hall in the summer of 1915. We bid it goodbye as a Working Party with regret, and hope that such of its members as are still in the Colony will find it pleasant and possible to continue their expert labours with one of the remaining centres.

There are two ways of helping to keep up the supply of garments, etc., by making

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Butchers Meats

BEEF MUTTON LAMB.

RABBITS HARES

SAUSAGES BRAWN PRESSED BEEF.

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TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

The three most popular film actors in the public estimation are

WILLIAM S. HART
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

and

WILLIAM FARNUM

The Coronet have booked pictures starring all three. To-day we are showing your old favourite

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

in

"DOUBLE TROUBLE".

them, or by paying to have them made; \$3.60 sent every month to the Hon. Treas., H.K. Branch of the Q.M.N.G., City Hall, will pay for 12 shirts, or 24 pairs of pants, or 8 pairs of pyjamas, or 10 dozen handkerchiefs, and so on. A large monthly output could be maintained by this means, if those who are not able to continue working through another hot season, and also newcomers who may not wish to start again out here, having just come from strenuous work at home, would help things on in this way. May we also emphasize the never-ceasing need for old clothes of every description, which can be put into order and packed, by the Unity Workers, and are then sent to Refugees in France or Siberia? Donations may be sent to Mrs. Young, City Hall. It may be remembered how Miss Inness, in her letter of Dec. last, begged that newspapers, books and magazines of all descriptions, might be collected, and sent to the Hospitals in Siberia; and also playing-cards, puzzles, games, musical instruments, etc. These latter can be sent to the City Hall and for the papers, the Hon. Mr. S. B. C. Ross has most kindly undertaken to forward, free of charge, any sent to the Post Office, and it is hoped that many people will avail themselves of this, and leave, any time they pass, any literature they can spare. "As cold waters to a thirsty soul, so is good news from a far country," and our men in Siberia are in a very far country and haven't much news.

The wants are all now definitely stated, and we are definitely told that it is British troops who need things. It should not be hard for any woman who has some leisure this summer to lend a hand in supplying them by personal work, or by a small regular monthly donation.

INCUBATORS FOR BABIES.

The Ilford Urban District Council, acting on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health, Dr. Gates, that incubators should be used for rearing prematurely born babies, is seeking sanction from the Local Government Board to incur the necessary expenses.

ERECTION OF A ROYAL CHURCH.

It has been decided to complete the erection of St. Anselm's Church, Kennington, situated on the Duchy of Cornwall estate. The work had to be suspended when the war broke out, the walls having only reached 10 ft. The foundation-stone was laid by the King, when Prince of Wales, and his Majesty and the present Prince of Wales have contributed £1,000 each to the building fund.

COLD AND INFLUENZA.

THE WAY TO AVOID THEM.

Some persons have been known to fall into icy water, and never experience the slightest ailment afterwards. Others travelling in a crowded train or sitting at home in a draught, are laid up with a heavy cold, or worse still, fall victims to influenza.

The difference is all in the bodily condition at the time. When a person is strong, healthy, able to enjoy a brisk cold day, chills and infections are set at defiance. But when the system is below par, run down, bloodless and nervous, the germs of influenza are quick to seize their opportunity. Go to bed at the first feverish sign of influenza, eat little or nothing and call in the doctor. Remember that when the fever has gone a long period follows during which the system remains low and depressed; there is a great difficulty in regaining strength, and the victim is usually unfit for a normal amount of work.

The way to avoid colds, influenza, and all other infections is to keep the health up to the mark, the nerves steady, the digestion in good working order, the veins full of good, red blood. Because they make good rich blood, and so help the body to resist attacks of colds and influenza, thousands have praised Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people.

For the same reason they are even more valuable in restoring strength and fitness for work after the system has been weakened by such attacks. If you want to be well, lose no time, buy Dr. Williams' pink pills from any local dealer to-day, or send \$1.50 for a bottle, \$3 for 6 bottles, to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Bechman Road, Shanghai.

SUMMER

UNDERWEAR.



AERTEX CELLULAR.

Vests from 2.75 each. Drawers from 2.35 pr.

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Vests from 1.25 each. Drawers from 1.25 pr.

BOMBAX NET.

Vests from 2.25 each. Drawers from 2.75 pr.

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Vests with or without bottoms from 1.75 each.

NEW STOCKS JUST RECEIVED

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SMART STYLES IN PERFECT FITTING

COLLARS

3.75 per dozen.

STOCKED IN 14", 15", 16", 17", 18", 19", 20", 21", 22", 23", 24", 25", 26", 27", 28", 29", 30", 31", 32", 33", 34", 35", 36", 37", 38", 39", 40", 41", 42", 43", 44", 45", 46", 47", 48", 49", 50", 51", 52", 53", 54", 55", 56", 57", 58", 59", 60", 61", 62", 63", 64", 65", 66", 67", 68", 69", 70", 71", 72", 73", 74", 75", 76", 77", 78", 79", 80", 81", 82", 83", 84", 85", 86", 87", 88", 89", 90", 91", 92", 93", 94", 95", 96", 97", 98", 99", 100".

COLLARS

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AND IN QUARTER SIZES
VERY NEAT IN APPEARANCE AND FINISH.

DRESS COLLARS

IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE SHAPES.

SOFT COLLARS

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IN LINEN, FINE REPP, AND MERCERISED CLOTHS.

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COLUMBIA RECORDS

A 2490 { JUST A BABY'S PRAYER AT TWILIGHT TENOR
LORRAINE TENOR

A 2069 { PRETTY BABY BARITONE
HONEST INJUN BARITONE

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IRON & STEEL PRODUCTS

BEST TERMS. COMPLETE STOCKS.

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Established 1880

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE WAR MEMORIAL.

(To the Editor of the "Hongkong
Telegraph.")

Sir,—As a reader of your paper, may I ask you to be good enough to let me add in your valuable columns my views in regard to the many suggestions in respect to a War Memorial? I have read with great interest the different suggestions since it was resolved to have such a Memorial, but I am afraid the majority of the people in Hongkong do not realise the object of such a memorial. I quite agree with "Robt. Mac Whirter" some days ago, when, in his famous letter to his nephew, he pointed out that people take this war as an excuse to get a cheap Town Hall, a Theatre, a Bridge, etc., etc.

The suggestion of "De Mediora" is the best. A real War Memorial ought to be erected. By going once a year (at least) to the grand and simple Cross (or something similar) and paying due respect, by offering wreaths of beautiful flowers and by illuminating it on special nights, I am sure it will remind people what that pedestal stands for:— "Sacrifice and Victory, 1914-1918."

As for the people wanting a new theatre, Town Hall, or a chime clock, etc., etc., they had better ask the powers-that-be to supply the needs of the Colony, by the proper way and method as in other places, take Shanghai for instance, as a good example.

Enclosing my card,

Yours etc.,

SACRIFICE AND VICTORY.
Canton, March 22, 1919.

CATHOLICS AND PEACE.

Sir,—I noticed in the last issue of the *Religio e Patria* that a Committee is being formed among various members of the Catholic community to celebrate the occasion of the Signing of the Peace, and the said review suggests that the best plan to commemorate this glorious event on the part of the Catholics in general is to build up a permanent and lasting monument. This can be realised if the whole Catholic Community of the Colony would give their entire support to the movement now set on foot for the establishment of a High Grade School under the direction of the Jesuit Fathers, who are well known over the whole world as the best teachers of youth. I hope that this desideratum will soon be accomplished by general support.

Yours etc.,

A CATHOLIC.

Hongkong, March 24, 1919.

GOVERNOR OF BRITISH
NORTH BORNEO.

ARRIVAL IN HONGKONG.

Mr. Aytmer Cavendish Pearson, Governor of British North Borneo, arrived in the Colony, off the Empress of Asia, on Saturday, and is staying at the Hongkong Hotel. Mr. Pearson has been Governor of British North Borneo since 1915 and was acting Governor in 1910 and 1911. He entered the Civil Service, as a cadet in North Borneo, in 1897, and has held the offices of Sessions Judge, Acting Judicial Commissioner and Government Secretary.

PROTECTING OUT-STATIONS.

Sir,—In your paper of Saturday, under the heading of "Notes and Comments," you make a "suggestion" and call attention to a certain case regarding telephonic or other similar connection which, if delayed, may prove serious and cause the loss of lives of Europeans and others whose work is such that they must, of necessity at present, be alone and practically isolated during the greater part of the night.

The case you bring up i.e. Cape d'Aguilar wireless station and Lighthouse, is one which requires immediate attention and action, since should one of the bands of robbers who are, at present, so active in the Colony "hold up" the wireless station operator after having cut the telephone lines of the lighthouse they would have the whole end of the island at their mercy.

This state of affairs would be overcome by the installation of an electric warning device at the lighthouse, a push button suitably arranged and located at the wireless operator's desk and the connecting of these two by means of a two conductor lead-covered wire armoured cable similar to submarine cable. Such a combination could be arranged so that even though the wireless operator were "held up" at the business end of a gun he could signal the lighthouse attendant and staff for assistance by simply pressing the push button with his knee, assuming it were located on the inner side of his desk or by his foot assuming it were located on the floor under his desk.

The length of cable required will be approximately 220 yards and the total cost of the installation would be approximately \$300.

For the purpose of "out man" overing the bandits, and the saving of what to those interested would be a great loss and possibly life it is apparent to all that such a "safety device" should be installed without any delay whatsoever so that those whose duties call them to our Island outposts shall have the fullest and best protection that can be afforded them.

Yours etc.,

INTERESTED.

Hongkong, March 24, 1919.

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STRAITS, BURMA, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA INDIA,
EGYPT &c.FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON VIA SINGAPORE,
PENANG, COLOMBO & PORT SAID.

SS.	leave Hong- kong about	Due Marseilles about	Due London about
NELLORE	20th April	26th May	3rd June

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DUNERA	12th April	due Bombay about 1st May
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DUNERA	31st March	Shanghai only.
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Hongkong, 19th March, 1919.E. V. D. Parr,
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Steamer	From Hongkong	Arrive Vancouver
EMPRESS OF ASIA	23 March.	14 April.
MONTEAGLE	5 April.	29 April.
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	1 May.	19 May.
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	14 May.	4 June.
EMPRESS OF ASIA	29 May.	16 June.
MONTEAGLE	10 June.	4 July.
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	26 June.	14 July.
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	9 July.	30 July.
EMPRESS OF ASIA	24 July.	11 Aug.
MONTEAGLE	15 Aug.	8 Sept.
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	21 Aug.	8 Sept.

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DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.,
Hongkong, Sept. 24, 1917. Agents.**PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.**
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"ECUADOR"	23rd April.
"COLOMBIA"	21st May.

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Destination. Steamer & Displacement. Sailing Dates.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKO- HAMA	Aki Maru T. 12,300	{ MON., 31st Mar. at 11 a.m.
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NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKO- HAMA	Nikko Maru T. 9,600	{ TUES., 1st Apr. at 11 a.m.
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SHANGHAI & KOBE	Kamo M. T. 15,980	{ SAT., 5th Apr. at noon.
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LONDON via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez and Port-Said	Iyo Maru T. 13,560	{ SAT., 19th Apr. at noon.
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MELBOURNE via Manila, Zam- boanga, Thursday Is., Town- sville, Brisbane & Sydney	Tango Maru T. 13,560	{ WED., 26th Mar. at 11 a.m.
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NEW YORK via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco and Panama Canal	Nikko M. T. 9,600	{ WED., 23rd Apr.
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BOMBAY via Singapore, Malac- ca and Colombo	Toyo Maru T.	{ Middle of April.
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CALCUTTA via Singapore, Pen- ang and Rangoon	Yotorofu M. T.	{ THUR., 27th Mar. at 11 a.m.
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HONGKONG-VICTORIA, S.C.-SEATTLE VIA MANILA, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and YOKOHAMA. Overland by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Kashima Maru," "A. Katori Maru," each of over 8000 tons displacement. Fast sailings from Hongkong.	Fushimi Maru SATUR., 22nd Mar. at 11 a.m.	
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Overland by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Kashima Maru," "A. Katori Maru," each of over 8000 tons displacement. Fast sailings from Hongkong.	Kashima Maru MON., 5th May, at 11 a.m.	
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Overland by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Kashima Maru," "A. Katori Maru," each of over 8000 tons displacement. Fast sailings from Hongkong.	Suwa Maru SATUR., 22nd Mar. at 11 a.m.	
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Overland by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Kashima Maru," "A. Katori Maru," each of over 8000 tons displacement. Fast sailings from Hongkong.	Suwa Maru MON., 5th May, at 11 a.m.	
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SHIPPING NEWS.

SERVICE TO INDIA.
The Canadian Robert Dollar Company intends to operate a through steamship service to India in the near future, if certain arrangements can be made with the Canadian Government regarding the carriage of mails.PANAMA CANAL NOTIFICATION.
The Commissioner of the Panama Canal zone has given notice of the suspension, pending a definite arrangement, of the previous proclamation requiring all steamers passing the canal to present bills of lading of their cargoes.SHANGHAI SHIPPING.
There were 42 vessels entering and leaving the port of Shanghai on March 7, a record since the outbreak of war. Of the total, 23 were entries, comprising five river steamers, ten coast and nine ocean ships.A NEW FLAG.
A flag has been adopted as a House Flag on ships controlled by the Allied Maritime Transport Council. The dimensions of the flag are 6ft. by 4ft., and it is divided horizontally into three equal parts, of which the upper and lower are white and that in the centre blue.BIG PROFITS.
The profits of the Commonwealth Government Line of steamships during the first year was nearly £1,000,000. The total cost of the steamers has now been paid from the profits.FRENCH SHIPBUILDING.
During the last two years at least seven new shipbuilding yards have been established in France. These include: Ateliers et Chantiers de la Seine; capital, 15,000,000 francs. Societe Provencale de Construction Navale, Marseilles; capital, 7,000,000 francs. Societe des Ateliers et Chantiers Maritimes de Sud-Ouest, Bordeaux; capital, 17,500,000 francs. Chantiers Navals Francais Caen; capital, 12,000,000 francs. It is intended that the latter yard shall be one of the largest in France. It is to be provided with ten building slips and several large French ironworks are interested in the concern. It was announced recently that its capital is to be increased to 30,000,000 francs. Shipbuilding in France has been seriously hampered by the shortage of material and difficulties in securing an adequate supply of labour. According to the Paris "Journal Information," the amount of new mercantile tonnage produced in France during 1916 amounted to only 13,000 tons, and in 1917 to only 2,000 tons. This considerable decrease, which is more serious than in any other country, is attributed entirely to the shortage of labour and the scarcity of shipbuilding plates. The new mercantile tonnage completed in 1915 and 1916, the journal adds, consisted almost entirely of vessels which were laid down before the outbreak of the war. But even now there are some ships still incomplete whose keels were laid before August, 1914. The "Information" states that for the present year an output of 80,000 tons was aimed at, but of this only 25,000 tons had been launched by the beginning of August. It is therefore practically certain that the full quantity of 80,000 tons will not be achieved in 1918. In order to some extent to make good the war losses suffered by the French Mercantile Marine, which are estimated at about 700,000 tons, the journal further states that orders have been given to United States shipbuilders for 188,000 tons of steel and 140,500 tons of wooden ships at the price of 200.00 dol. and 167.00 dol. respectively per ton. The delivery of these vessels, however, appears to be very uncertain. As shown above, considerable activity is being displayed in the erection of new shipbuilding yards in France, but it is admitted that they will not be able to do anything to remedy the shortage of tonnage for some time, because, if for no other reason, they cannot begin to build their plants until an adequate supply of labour in forthcoming.THE LAMP OF THE LADY.
The death has occurred at Godalming, in his 83rd year, of Charles Collins, one of the last of the Crimean veterans. Collins served as a hospital orderly at Scutari, and acted as an attendant on Florence Nightingale, carrying the lantern as she made her last round at night.

SHIPPING.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail.
SHANGHAI	Sinkiang	25th Mar. at noon.
SHANGHAI	Suiyang	27th Mar. at noon.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	Kwangse	29th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Taming	31st Mar. at 10 a.m.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation. Amidships; Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are Landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Telephone No. 36.
Hongkong March 24, 1919.**JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.**Regular Fortnightly Service between
CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tijmanoeck	Shanghai	30th Mar.	1st Apr.	Java
Tijmanoeck	Java	1st Apr.	5th Apr.	Japan
Tijmanoeck	Japan	5th Apr.	6th Apr.	Java

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

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York Building.

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DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for first Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships. Leaving.
Hahong... | J. W. Evans ... | THURS., 27th Mar. at 3 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,
General Managers.**INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—(Subject to Alteration).

For	Steamship	On
SHANGHAI via Swatow	Wosang	Tues., 25th Mar. at 4 p.m.
SINGAPORE & Penang	Namsang	Tues., 25th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Hopsang	Wed., 26th Mar. at 4 p.m.
Kobe	Kwaisang	Fri., 28th Mar. at 4 p.m.
MANILA	Yuensang	Fri., 28th Mar. at 3 p.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Kumsang	Tues., 1st Apr. at 3 p.m.
MANILA	Loongsang	Fri., 4th Apr. at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This Line is now being reorganized and will shortly afford frequent and regular sailings to Calcutta via Singapore and Penang.

Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai.

All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and Fans and carry a fully qualified surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Canton and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Haiphong when no direct calls.

BORNEO LINE.—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having 4000 tons accommodation for passengers.

TIENSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin calling at Wafangdian and Qinhuo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations.

All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce, on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers.

Telephone No. 215.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

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American Business a Specialty.

SHIPPING.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.
LONDON—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
"ALPS MARU" Friday, 28th March.
GENOA & BOMBAY—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Co.'s steamer.
"MITSUKI MARU" Monday, 7th April.
MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore & Port Said.
BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN AND CAPE TOWN VIA SINGAPORE.
"HIMALAYA MARU" 12th April.
BOMBAY AND COLOMBO, Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.
"MITSUKI MARU" Monday, 7th April.
BATAVIA, SOERABAYA, SAMARANG—Monthly direct service.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUUCKLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.
"LUZON MARU" End of March.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & TAOMOA VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.
"MANILA MARU" 12th April.
"ARABIA MARU" 5th April.
HAIPHONG—Three times a month service.
"TAITOKU MARU" 27th March.
KEELUNG, TAKAO VIA SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Soon Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.
TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.
"SOSHU MARU" Thursday, 27th March, at 9 a.m.
KEELUNG VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.
"KAJO MARU" Sunday, 23rd March, at 10 a.m.
"AMAKUSA MARU" Sunday, 30th March, at 10 a.m.
For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—
K. YAMASAKI,
Manager,
Tel. No. 744 and 745 No. 1, Queen's Building.

Y. K. K.
YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA.
(THE YAMASHITA STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

NANYO MARU No. 1
NANYO MARU No. 2
NANYO MARU No. 3
SODEGAURA MARU.
KYODO MARU No. 13
TAMON MARU No. 1
ASOSAN MARU.
CHEIAN MARU.

REGULAR SERVICE FOR
FREIGHT BETWEEN
HONGKONG,
BANGKOK
and/or
SINGAPORE.

For Particulars Please Apply to—
M. KOBAYASHI, Agent.
Top Floor, King's Building.
Tel. No. 140 & 155.

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KUHARA TRADING CO., LTD.
(Shipping Department).
HEAD OFFICE (KOBE).

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Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Pacific Coast, Japan, China, India, Java, North and South America, also to Mediterranean.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

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M. HASHIMOTO,
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THE ADMIRAL LINE.
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

REGULAR SAILINGS
BETWEEN

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and SEATTLE.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
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Telephone 2833. 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions

SHIPPING.

THE AUSTRALIAN
ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamers.	Arrives Hongkong from Australia.	Leaves Hongkong for Australia.
TAIYUAN	23rd Mar. at 8 Night	26th March.

These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

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KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY

(Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia)

THE STEAMSHIP:

"VAN WAERWYCK"

will be despatched on the 3rd April to—

Singapore, Penang and Belawan Deli.

This vessel offers excellent cabin-accommodation for saloon passengers.

Wireless Telegraphy.

For freight and passage apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN,

Telephone No. 1574.

Agents.

VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To Be Despatched.
--------------	----------------	----------------------	-------------------

JAPAN AND COAST PORTS.

Swatow and Bangkok	Luchow	B. & S.	24, Mar.
Bombay via Ports	Siam M.	O. S. K.	24, Mar.
Shanghai via Swatow	Wosang	J. M. Co.	25, Mar.
Singapore and Penang	Namsang	J. M. Co.	25, Mar.
Shanghai	Sinkiang	B. & S.	25, Mar.
Shanghai	Hopsang	J. M. Co.	26, Mar.
Takao via Swatow and Amoy	Sosho M.	O. S. K.	27, Mar.
Shanghai	Suiyang	B. & S.	27, Mar.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiphong	D. L. Co.	27, Mar.
Haiphong	Taitoku M.	O. S. K.	27, Mar.
Calcutta via Ports	Yotorofu M.	N. Y. K.	27, Mar.
Manila	Yuenang	J. M. Co.	28, Mar.
Kobe	Kwaishang	J. M. Co.	28, Mar.
Shanghai and Teingtao	Kwangse	B. & S.	29, Mar.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Aki M.	N. Y. K.	31, Mar.
Shanghai	Danera	P. & O.	31, Mar.
Swatow and Bangkok	Taming	B. & S.	31, Mar.
Straits and Calcutta	Kumsang	J. M. Co.	1, Apr.
Java	Tjimanoeak	J.C.J.L.	1, Apr.
Manila	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	4, Apr.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	2, Apr.
Java	Tjilatjap	J.C.J.L.	5, Apr.
Genoa	Mitsuki M.	O. S. K.	7, Apr.
Bombay via Ports	Toyo M.	N. Y. K.	M. of Apr.

CONSIGNEES.

"SHIRE" LINE OF
STEAMERS, LTD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM UNITED KINGDOM,
COLOMBO, & STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"CARNARVONSHIRE."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 25th March 1919, at 5 P.M. noon will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, on 25th March 1919, at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 30 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Agents.
Hongkong, 18th March, 1919.

CONSIGNEES.

THE DOLLAR STEAMSHIP
LINE.

THE Steamship

"TANCRED"

having arrived from San Francisco, via ports, on March 14th, 1919, consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the H. & W. Wharf and stored at consignee's risk.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the godown, where they will be examined at 10 a.m. March 18, 1919, by the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke.

All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here after which they cannot be recognised.


No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godown, and all goods remaining after March 25, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR & CO.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 17th March, 1919.

NOTICES.



FISK
NON-SKIDS

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AND PARTICULARS
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SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
TEL. 659 & 781.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

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Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained
workmen under expert European supervision.
All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.
Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH OF DOCK OR SLIP	BREADTH OF DOCK OR SLIP	DEPTH OF DOCK OR SLIP	DEPTH OF DOCK OR SLIP	DEPTH OF DOCK OR SLIP
KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	100'	110'	10'	10'	10'
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	110'	110'	10'	10'	10'
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	110'	110'	10'	10'	10'
Patent Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	110'	110'	10'	10'	10'
Patent Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	110'	110'	10'	10'	10'
WATERLOO					
Compass Dock	100'	100'	10'	10'	10'
Howe Dock	100'	100'	10'	10'	10'
Largest Dock	110'	110'	10'	10'	10'

HEAD
OFFICE: KOWLOON.
Telephone No. K. 55.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, B.Sc. M.I.N.A. Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

WHY WASTE?

DO YOUR SHOPPING AT

SINCERE'S

AND GET

"GOOD VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY."

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Eastern Extension Australasia
& China Telegraph Co.

List of Unclaimed Telegrams
lying in the E. E. Telegraph
Office at Hongkong.

Gueneau, Empress of Russia,
from Shanghai.

Lavaillant, Astor Hotel, from
Saigon.

O. S. Orrick, from Oakland
California.

Pauline Thompson, Hongkong
Hotel, from Manila.

Peter Mover, Hongkong Hotel,
from Philadelphia.

Shapley, Hongkong Hotel, from
Olongapo.

Sheshlobee, 34 Queen's Road
from New York.

Weilin, from Blitar.

T. K. GIBSON,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1919.

The Great Northern Telegraph
Company, Ltd.

The following Unclaimed Tele-
grams are lying here:—

Kienfung, from Shanghai.

McLorn, Passenger, S.S. Sun-
ning, from Amoy.

Stavrakoff Elbmig, from Kobe.

Bandelson, British Consulate,
from Shanghai.

Zeroneone, from Osaka.

Wongkeetong, Waughseong-
ahing, from Moji.

Tantek, from Shanghai.

Wanshan, from Shanghai.

Cheongyoukai Kwanyie, from
Shanghai.

Chusumow, from Shanghai.

Yingzang, Jervois Street, from
Shanghai.

Saga c/o Matsubarakikan
Hotel, from Tokio.

Yatkwong, from Amoy.

Yuelee, from Shanghai.

Shinpei Sautu, c/o Taiwan
Bank, from Tokio.

Z. KIMU,
Act. Superintendent,
Hongkong, March 21, 1919.

NOTICES.

REMEMBER
TEL. No. 977
FOR

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Exquisite modern designs, Excellent quality,
Moderate prices.
INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.
SWATOW DRAWN WORK CO.
No. 14, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

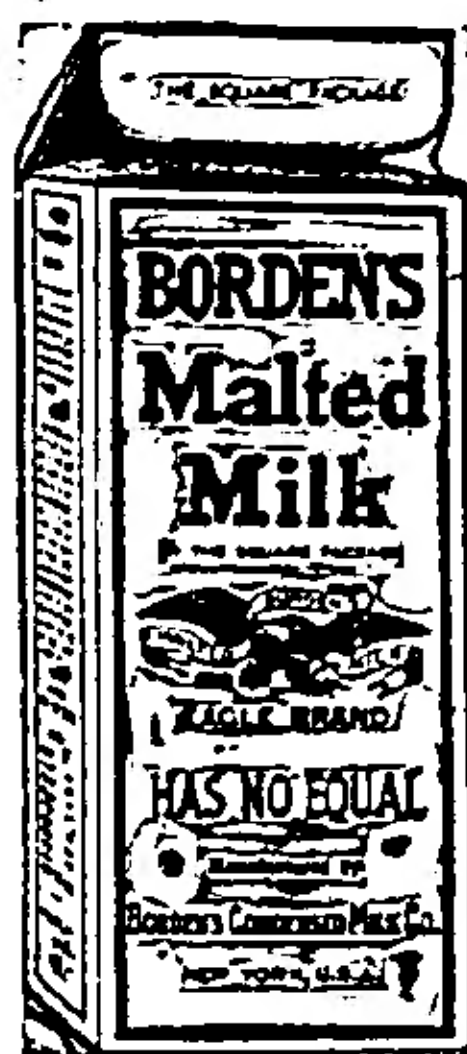
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HAS NO EQUAL

It is a perfected milk food, wholesome and delicious.
Prepared by the most improved process whereby all
the nutritive elements of the richest cows milk and
strengthening cereals are scientifically combined.

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AND
ALL LEADING PROVISION SHOPS.
CONNELL BROS. CO., Agents.

BREEZY GARAGE.

Tel. No. 2499. 31, Des Voeux Road, Central.

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clients are sure of every safety and comfort.
Large stocks of spare parts and children's "Skidders" on sale.
Motor car, launch and cycle repairing done daily.
Call and inspect.

STRIKE RIOTS AT GLASGOW.

BATTLE IN THE SQUARE.

The Clyde strike assumed a graver and sinister character on January 31 (says a *Daily News* correspondent) when riotous scenes were witnessed in George-square, outside the City Chambers, and in the streets leading from the square. Stones and bottles were thrown by strikers, scores of windows were smashed, the Riot Act was read, bodies of police engaged in baton charges, and about thirty people, including two or three policemen, were taken to the infirmary suffering from injuries.

The Sheriff Principal was struck by a bottle and injured while reading the Riot Act. A group of men rushed at him and tore the document from his hand, whereupon the Sheriff spoke the words from memory. Two of the leaders, Messrs. Kirkwood and Gallagher, were arrested.

I moved freely, before the trouble began, among the huge crowd of fifteen or twenty thousand persons who had gathered in the square. The vast majority were orderly and good humoured, and only a comparatively small section had a mind for mischief. Many people, including women and some children, were attracted to the square by curiosity, and several of these were innocent victims of the violence which followed.

HOW THE TROUBLE STARTED.

The disorder began while the strike leaders, including Mr. Shinwell, Mr. Neil McLean, M.P., Mr. David Kirkwood, and Mr. William Gallagher were in the City Chambers awaiting an interview with the Lord Provost with reference to Mr. Bonar Law's telegram. Meanwhile, the Lord Provost was engaged in a private conference with magistrates and the Sheriff.

Just before half-past twelve a determined attempt was made by a section of the crowd to hold up a line of trams which were slowly forcing a way through the square. Several soldiers mounted the cars and tied up the trolley ropes used to pull the trolleys off the wire. Presently a strong force of police officers appeared from a side entrance of the City Chambers and, pressing the crowd aside, they marched as an advance guard for the first car until it was round the corner, when the officers returned to perform a like service for the driver of the second car.

RIOT ACT READ.

An ugly rush against them was organised, and for a moment it seemed likely that they would be broken up and isolated in the crowd. Swiftly rallying, however, they responded to an order, and in an instant they were belabouring their assailants with batons. There was a wild rush from this part of the square, but the police discontinued the charge as soon as a way was cleared for the trams.

The strike leaders in the hall, hearing what had happened, demanded immediate admission to the Lord Provost's room, but this was refused, whereupon they dashed down the stairs and out into the crowd. A few minutes later the Sheriff and his colleagues descended to the front of the building and the Riot Act was read, with the accompanying incidents already described.

Immediately mounted police appeared and speedily cleared a wide space in front of the hall, where a strong force of constables gathered. Suddenly stones and bottles were hurled from the crowd, and without hesitation the police responded to the challenge. Hitting out vigorously, they advanced on the demonstrators, who were closely wedged together, and in the scramble for safety people were falling over each other in all directions. Many went down under the blows of the batons, but so far as one could observe in the confusion which prevailed the worst injuries inflicted were cuts on the head. Apart from the ambulance cases, several men and youths were seen hurrying away with blood-soaked handkerchiefs staining their wounds.

Although thousands of people rushed into the side streets the square partially filled again after the charge was over. A few minutes later a volley of bottles and stones came from North Frederick-street, which leads off from the square near the City Chambers. Police officers ran across the open space into this street, where a crowd of strikers had completely smashed the windows of several licensed premises, probably in order to secure the bottles. The rioters retreated as the police advanced, but constantly assailed them with these dangerous weapons, and several of the constables were injured.

OROT OF WINDOW SMASHING.

Turning into Cathedral-street, at the back of the North British Station, the rioters indulged in an orgy of window smashing as they passed the large Excise and Customs bonded stores and offices. The spaces in front of the City Chambers and the greater part of North Frederick-street and Cathedral-street were strewn with broken bottles and stones.

During this time Messrs. Kirkwood and Gallagher (the latter's head bandaged with a handkerchief) remained in custody inside the hall, and from their appearance they had evidently played a strenuous part in a melee. Mr. Shinwell had disappeared in the crowd.

Mr. Neil McLean tried unsuccessfully to secure the release of the prisoners in return for a pledge that the crowd would be cleared away from the square. A further request that the two leaders should be allowed to address the crowd was granted, and from a balcony outside the Town Clerk's office Mr. Gallagher made an emotional appeal to the strikers to preserve order and to leave the square as quickly as possible. Mr. Kirkwood reiterated this appeal.

"The time is inopportune to do anything else," he said. "Don't do anything, fellow workman; be advised at the moment, and we will see what will happen later on." Within a few minutes a long procession was formed and marched to Glasgow Green.

TRAMCARS ATTACKED.

Later.
As I write I learn that further rioting has followed the arrival of the strikers at Glasgow Green, that many bottles have been thrown at the High Court buildings, that a number of tramcars have been put out of action, and that iron bars and staves have been wrenched from railings.

Rushes of strikers with police in pursuit continued for some time. During the afternoon a tramcar was attacked and its windows were smashed by a crowd of strikers at Glasgow Cross. All the injured have left the infirmary after treatment with the exception of a police-constable who is suffering from head wounds.

Kirkwood who was also injured in the struggle in George-square, was formally charged at the Central Police Court this afternoon with inciting to riot, and was detained.

Dense crowds gathered in Glasgow last evening in front of the City Chambers. The police made several more baton charges to clear the crowds away. Mr. Shinwell, the chairman of the Strike Committee, has not been heard of since the first baton charge at noon.

David Kirkwood, who with another strike leader, W. Gallagher, was arrested is the deportee who was sent to prison under the Defence of the Realm Act for a breach of an order prohibiting him from entering Clydebank area without permission. He was released in February, 1917, as a consequence of his state of health, and after giving an undertaking not to commit a further breach of the order.

HUSBAND AGE 15.

A maintenance order was granted at Acton recently to a married woman of 18, whose husband at the time of the ceremony, last August, was 15. He was now living with his parents. The boy had told the Court: "If I do work I'll contribute towards her maintenance."

TO-DAY'S SHARE QUOTATIONS.

A—SELLERS; B—SALES;
B—BUYERS; N—NOMINAL.

OFFICIAL PRICES.

BANKS.

H. K. & S. Banks sa. \$730

MARINE INSURANCES.

Cantons b. \$410
North China b. \$129
Unions sa. \$104
Yanagizans n. \$245
Far Easterns n. \$236

FIRE INSURANCES.

China Fires a. \$175
H. K. Fires b. \$555

SHIPPING.

Douglases n. 92
Steamboats b. 231
Indos (Pref.) b. 632
Indos (Del.) b. \$158 sa. 159/158
Shells b. 160/-
Ferries b. \$34 sa. 26/36

REFINERIES.

Sugars sa. \$120

Malabons b. \$36

MINING.

Kallens n. 50/-
Langkats a. \$26 sa. 25/36
Rauhs b. 3
Troughs b. 37/8
Urals sa. 40/-

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, &c.

H. K. Wharves b. \$115
Kowloon Docks sa. \$160/160
Shai Docks a. \$180 sa. 151
N. Engineerings b. \$243

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.

Centrals b. \$106
H. K. Hotels b. \$91
Land Invest. sa. \$177
H. K. Est. b. \$71
K'loon Lands b. \$34
L. Reclamations n. \$175
West Points b. \$69

COTTON MILLS.

Ewos sa. \$227
Kang Yiks b. & sa. \$204
Lau Kuei Mows n. \$164
Orientals n. \$70
Shai Cottons n. \$172
Yangtzeppos n. \$10.35

MISCELLANEOUS.

Green Islands sa. ex div \$8.05
Borneos n. \$15
C. Light & P. b. own rights \$51
Providents n. \$83
Dairy Farms n. \$244
H. K. Electric b. \$75
Macao Electric n. \$32
Ropes b. \$80
Trams, Low Level b. \$71
Trams, Peak, old b. \$74.00
Trams, Peak, new b. cts. 75
Laundries b. \$60
Steel Foundries n. \$14
U. Waterboats b. & sa. \$184
Watsons b. \$6.15
Wm. Powells b. \$04
Wiseman's n. \$25

Hongkong, March 24, 1919.

HOME FOOTBALL.

Matches played on February 1 resulted as follows:—

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Heart of Mid. 4 Hamilton A. 1
Falkirk 1 Hibernians 1
Dumbarton 0 Rangers 2
Celtic 2 Kilmarnock 1
Patrick Thistle 2 Morton 1
Motherwell 1 Ardronians 3
Ayr United 2 Clydebank 0
St. Mirren 1 Queen's Park 1
Third Lanark 1 Clyde 4

LANCASHIRE LEAGUE.

Burnley 4 Southport V. 0
Bury 1 Blackpool 0
Everton 3 Manches. City 0
Manchester U. 0 Liverpool 1
Oldham Ath. 4 Blackburn R. 0
Preston N.E. 0 Bolton Wand. 0
Rochdale 2 Port Vale 0
Stoke 1 Stockport Co. 0

MIDLAND LEAGUE.

Barnsley 2 Sheffield Un. 0
Bradford City 2 Notts Forest 0
Coventry City 3 Hull City 0
Grimsbey Town 1 Lincoln City 2
Huddersfield 1 Birmingham 0
Leicester F. 0 Leeds City 0
Notts County 2 Bradford City 0
Shef. Wednes 0 Rotherham C. 0

LONDON COMBINATION.

Chelsea 3 Clapton Or. 3
Arsenal 2 Tottenham H. 3
Crystal Pal. 3 West Ham Un. 0
Q.P. Rangers 0 Brentford 0
Millwall Ath. 1 Fulham 1

SPORTING TIT-BITS.

Lieut.-Col. E. G. Thin, Liverpool Scottish, and a Fettes three-quarter of 1898-1900 has been awarded the D.S.O.

It has been decided that the London Football Combination clubs will pay their players £2 a match, and their reserves £1.

The forwards of the New Zealand Rugby team recently in England weighed 13 st. 10 lb. on an average. Some pack!

Main, the former centre-half of East Fife, has so many tempting offers that it is hardly likely he will again wear the Bayview colours.

The Merchistonian announces that close on £5,000 of the £10,000 required for the school's War Memorial Fund has already been subscribed.

No team called "Wales" or "a Welsh team" is to be allowed to play unofficially in future. So the Welsh Rugby Union have decreed.

Private Abbie, an old goalkeeper of East Fife, is defending the "sticks" of the champion League team of the Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.

Wilson the Celtic half-back, is to assist the Vale of Leven until the end of the season. He is a brother of the Heart of Midlothian centre-forward.

A number of the leading cricket clubs in Scotland are so uncertain regarding the future that they are reluctant to take on matches that involve travelling.

L. A. Minnett, a prominent Australian cricketer, has taken to golf. A Sydney writer regrets that so fine a cricketer and sportsman should be going on the wrong track.

Leicester County Cricket Club are in favour of two-day matches. They have arranged or are negotiating for fixtures with the Australians, Yorkshire, Lancashire, Surrey, Nottinghamshire, Warwickshire, and Derbyshire.

Marshall M'Ewan, the old Rutherglen Glencairn forward, who afterwards went to Bolton Wanderers, and is now playing for Linfield, Belfast, is to have a benefit soup, and M'Menamy, Brownlie, D. McLean, and Gourlay are going over to assist.

The "Mr. Newton" of Lincoln aged 70, who took part in the amateur billiard championship was a notable jumper, both high and long in his younger days. He is Mr. Charles Mason, and some 50 years ago could do 5 ft. 9 ins. and 22 ft.

Toma Tomitch, the big Serbian forward, is going back to his own country soon to join his father in his business as merchant. He is taking a commercial course at the present time. Pity he is not going to the University! He would have made a serviceable scrummager for them.

Tom Cowley, the Cumberland heavy-weight, who on going to America was to be made a champion under the care of Jim Corbett, is to be matched against Jack Dempsey. Corbett found him wanting in the fighting spirit. An American writer expresses the hope that Fate will be kind to "Tommie" when they meet, and is fearful lest Dempsey will slaughter him.

The committee of the Warwickshire County Cricket Club have not accepted Mr. F.R. Foster's suggestion that he be appointed team manager at £1,000 a year, with the guarantee of not one championship but many and of coffers ever full. They regard his rosy picture as the product of his exuberant optimism. Regret is expressed that Mr. Foster will be unable to assist the county in the field, and his loss is referred to as being well-nigh irreparable to cricket in Warwickshire as well as in internationals.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Rangers ... 25 19 3 3 61 11 41
Celtic ... 24 17 2 5 47 17 39
Morton ... 26 15 3 8 60 29 38
Patrick Thistle 25 13 7 5 44 32 31
Kilmarnock ... 26 12 8 6 54 35 30
Motherwell ... 25 10 6 9 37 28 29
Ayr United ... 26 12 10 4 50 45 28
Heart of Mid. 24 10 8 5 37 36 25
Queen's Park 23 9 10 4 40 39 22
Clydebank ... 24 7 9 8 37 47 22
Third Lanark 25 8 11 6 45 44 22
St. Mirren ... 25 6 10 9 28 44 21
Clyde ... 25 7 12 6 38 48 20
Hamilton Acad 25 8 13 4 37 56 20
Airdrieonians 25 5 11 9 30 59 19
Falkirk ... 26 6 14 3 37 51 18
Dumbarton ... 23 3 13 7 19 45 13
Hibernians ... 24 3 19 2 18 45 8

Goals.

P W L D 2 4 2

It is the honour of the Bar, Mr. Dodd went on. "They have that funny bag at the back of their gown in which we are supposed to drop the fees." He had a case in which counsel struck unless he would give an outrageous refresher. He had to give way and mark the refresher demanded, although it was absolutely certain he could not get it allowed on taxation.

"If that is the honour of the Bar," declared the speaker, "the Bar must have sunk pretty low." It had ruined the profession of the law by its continued extortion.

On the subject of the admission of women to the legal profession the chairman said the question was one in which there was a marked divergence of opinion. It was not possible to say what attitude the Council would adopt until the Bill was introduced.

NO WOMEN J.P.s.

THE TIME NOT YET ARRIVED.

The question of whether the time is ripe for the appointment of women justices of the peace was debated at the quarterly meeting of the London Justices at the Session House, Clerkenwell, recently. The matter arose out of a notice of motion by Mr. Frank Henwood that, at the next meeting he would move that the time had now arrived when women should be appointed to the county bench on the same terms as men.

Sir Robert Wallace, K.C., presiding, said it was for the justices to determine whether the notice should be accepted or not. Did the justices agree that it should go on the agenda to be considered at the next county day?

Sir Edward Smith said that, although the time would come, this was a very inopportune moment for the discussion to take place. He suggested that at present the justices themselves should not express an opinion nor excite public interest.

Mr. Nathaniel Hubbard, approving the notice, said that now women were eligible for Parliament they should not be stopped in administering the laws they might make.

Sir Robert Wallace said they were not dealing with the merits of the question at the moment, but simply whether the notice should be received for further discussion. The chairman put the notice to the meeting, and it was declared lost by 53 votes to 24.

THE BAR'S CRITICS.

A CLOSE TRADE UNION.

Some severe things respecting the Bar and its charges were said at a meeting of the Law Society recently, when, after a brief discussion on the admission of women to the legal profession, a resolution declaring it to be in the public interest that there should be a complete fusion between the two branches of the legal profession was carried. A poll will be taken on the subject.

Mr. Gisborne, the mover, said he was astonished to find that it was more expensive for a solicitor to be admitted to the Bar than for the man in the street.

Mr. Kennedy contended that one of the greatest evils of the present time was the monstrous and exorbitant fees charged by counsel. In the last sittings of the Divorce Court there were 1,000 undefended cases. "And we have perforce to employ barristers for those undefended cases," added the speaker. "Let us be sensible. The sooner we can knock out this anomaly and stupidity of the Bar and get down to business men serving the interests of the public the better."

Mr. J. Dodd, who moved an amendment in favour of solicitors having audience in all Courts of Justice equally with barristers, said: "It is an outrage that we should be excluded not merely from the High Court, but from all sorts of pettyfogging courts like the Mayor's Court and Quarter Sessions. It is intolerable that the Bar should establish a sort of trade union, which holds solicitors up with a sort of blackmail to obey its behests."

"Talk of the honour of the Bar," Mr. Dodd went on. "They have that funny bag at the back of their gown in which we are supposed to drop the fees." He had a case in which counsel struck unless he would give an outrageous refresher. He had to give way and mark the refresher demanded, although it was absolutely certain he could not get it allowed on taxation.

"If that is the honour of the Bar," declared the speaker, "the Bar must have sunk pretty low." It had ruined the profession of the law by its continued extortion.

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE COAL MINERS' DEMANDS.

London, March 20.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law, dealing with the three reports by the Coal Commission said Mr. Justice Sankey points out that the increased wages will involve the distribution of an additional £30,000,000 among the colliery workers, probably without raising prices to the consumers; furthermore that the present system of ownership and working in the industry stands condemned and either nationalisation or a method of unification by national purchase and/or by joint control must be substituted. Therefore the report recommends the miners henceforth having an effective voice in the direction of the mine. It condemns the housing in some districts as a reproach to our civilisation and suggests the immediate collection of a penny per ton on all coal won, to be applied to housing improvements. This would yield £1,000,000 annually.

The Government accepted Mr. Justice Sankey's report, including the undertaking to report upon nationalisation by May 30th, and the proposal that the Commission shall continue to sit and issue interim reports dealing with improvements. The Government agreed to immediately carry out the proposals contained in the Sankey report. Mr. Bonar Law pointed out that this involved the continuance of the coal control for two years. The estimated cost of the proposals would be £45,000,000, of which £30,000,000 would be obtainable by limiting owners' profits to fourteen pence per ton, leaving a deficit of £15,000,000 to be secured by various anticipated economies. Mr. Bonar Law emphasised that the Government has gone to the utmost limits to avoid a strike if it can. The Government will unhesitatingly use all the resources of the State to win quickly, as such a struggle can have only one ending or there will be an end to government in the country. (Loud cheers).

PEACE PRELIMINARIES.

Paris, March 17.

President Wilson stands firm in the belief that the League of Nations Covenant must be incorporated in the preliminary Peace Treaty, the League of Nations and the Peace Treaty being indissoluble, and the League of Nations instrumentality being invaluable to secure operation of various parts of the Peace Treaty. In short President Wilson wishes to make the preliminary Peace Treaty a definite final act which can be presented to the Senate of the United States for ratification. President Wilson had a long conference with Signor Orlando respecting the differences between Italy and Jugoslavia. A satisfactory settlement is well on the way.

The Council of Ten will take up the report of the Commission on the territorial claims of Poland, affecting the new German frontier, specially Poland's outlet to the sea, recognised as necessary to the economic future of the new State. It is expected that the settlement will arouse great opposition in Germany. The Allied Governments have pledged themselves to assure Poland an outlet to the sea at Eglisch and Dantzig, as having immediately great economic development. It is hoped the United States will accept the mandate offered to act as protector of Armenia and adviser to the young Armenian Republic.

FOOD RELIEF.

Paris, March 12.

On behalf of the Associated Governments, Mr. Hoover has stated that, up to the end of February the Inter-Allied Relief Commission organised and delivered 716,000 tons of food to various European ports for the relief of distressed peoples, over half of which had gone to Rotterdam. More-over 225,000 tons now afloat were en route to similar destinations. The British, French and Italians had already supplied 24,000 tons of grain to Vienna while the total expenditure by the American Government in this relief work had been hitherto over £51,000,000 sterling per month. Foodstuffs were now arriving regularly in increasing amounts in Poland, Serbia, Jugoslavia, Rumania, Belgium, Finland, Turkey, Montenegro and Austria-Hungary. Mr. Hoover claims that the operations for relief are as effective as can be expected in view of the shipping difficulties and the economic and political chaos which had to be surmounted. There was plenty of food in the world as a whole but the Allies must endeavour to help these European peoples to resume productive work as their salvation depends thereupon, because without self help the problem is beyond the financial abilities of the Associated Governments.

A BYE-ELECTION.

London, March 14.

The West Leyton parliamentary bye-election resulted as follows:—

A. E. Newbourn (Liberal) 7834

J. F. Mason (Coalition Unionist) 5915

The vacancy was owing to the death of the sitting member, Mr. Wrightson.

FRANCE AND THE VATICAN.

Paris, March 17.

The relations between France and the Vatican seem to have taken a new form from the recent call of the Archbishop of Paris on M. Clemenceau on the eve of his departure for Rome.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE EGYPTIAN SITUATION.

London, March 21.

An official message says: In view of the grave situation in Egypt and the High Commissioner's absence General Sir Edmund Allenby has been appointed special High Commissioner for Egypt and Sudan. He is directed to exercise supreme authority in all matters military and civil, to take all measures he considers necessary and expedient to restore law and order in those countries and ordered to administer in all matters as may be required by necessity, maintaining the King's protectorate over Egypt on a secure and equitable basis.

YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

UNREST IN EGYPT.

Cairo, Mar. 16.

Crowds of students and street Arabs armed with sticks smashed shop windows and lamps and looted and attacked trams. They tried to set fire to the premises of the "Times" newspaper and demonstrated before the Residency and barracks. Military restored order. A few demonstrators were killed and injured while 400 were arrested.

Three thousand demonstrators attempted to rush the railway station of Tanta. The military and native police soon restored order. There were 23 casualties. The disturbances are due to the activity of nationalist leaders whose campaign, however, is absolutely futile as it has secured the support of only the students, small boys and the dregs of the population, leaving the mass of people unmoved.

London, March 17.

Reuter learns that the position at Cairo is not regarded as giving cause for alarm. The military authorities have taken all necessary steps to maintain order. The movement is purely Nationalist and is not supported by the Fellahs, the Sultan throwing his whole weight on the side of law and order.

CABLE DELAYS.

London, March 17.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir A. Fell, Mr. Illingworth stated that several cables from England were at present interrupted, especially the Eastern Company's route, and delay in cable deliveries was largely caused thereby combined with the heavy increase in traffic. He was doing his utmost to secure a curtailment of Government cable traffic. All suitable cables were engaged on repairs, but the season was inauspicious for this work.

THE GERMAN WAY.

Posen, Mar. 17.

Despite negotiations between the Allied Mission and the German delegation for a Polish-German armistice, German troops are persistently bombarding villages all along the Posen front, shelling and wounding civilians and pillaging Polish property.

ATLANTIC FLIGHT.

Washington, Mar. 18.

Bear Admiral Taylor has announced that the American Navy is ready to attempt a trans-Atlantic flight by a flying boat within a month. He added that officials in Washington believed a British airship would attempt to cross next week.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

MAKING GERMANY PAY.

London, March 17.

Replying to Mr. Claude Lowther, Mr. Bonar Law said it was not proposed to publish the report of the Committee of Enquiry into the financial wealth of Germany, over which Mr. Hughes presided. Mr. Lowther asked an assurance that the full bill would be presented to Germany at the Peace Conference and if only a small amount could be exacted it would be regarded as payment on account. Mr. Bonar Law replied that he could give no such promise. It was not the Government's policy to demand more than it believed it could get from Germany.

GERMANY AND PEACE.

Copenhagen, Mar. 15.

A message from Berlin says: Count Bernstorff deputized for Count Brockdorff Rantzau at a meeting of the Ministry of Finance to discuss the German aims at the Peace Conference. He said the colonial and labour questions would probably be the first items of discussion by the Conference. He emphasized the Government's strict insistence on the Wilsonian principles.

ALLIED AIR RAIDS.

Amsterdam, Mar. 16.

It is officially estimated that 23,500,000 marks damage was done in Germany by Allied air-raids.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

London, March 18.

At a meeting of the Channel Tunnel Parliamentary Committee it was stated that 216 out of 258 members who were approached favoured the scheme.

SOUTH AFRICAN POLITICS.

Capetown, March 1 (delayed.)

In the House of Assembly Sir Thomas Smartt, leader of the Opposition, withdrew his amendment condemning republicanism in favour of an amendment by Mr. Malan, acting Premier. This was adopted by 79 votes to 24, the minority being entirely Nationalists.

OBITUARY.

London, March 17.

The death is announced of the Rt. Hon. G. W. E. Russell, the youngest son of Lord Charles Russell. He has written numerous books.

London, Mar. 17.

The death is announced of the Dowager Lady Londonderry from influenza.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

THE POLICE UNION.

London, March 17.

The War Cabinet has refused to recognise the Police Union.

A BIG COMBINE.

London, Mar. 17.

Messrs Vickers are absorbing the Metropolitan Carriage Company, making a total capital of £28,000,000.

CHAIN OF BONFIRES.

London, March 18.

The Overseas Club has promised to co-operate with the committee organising a chain of bonfires in the United Kingdom on Peace night by helping to secure a chain of bonfires round the Empire on similar lines.

GOVERNMENT AND RAILWAYS.

London, Mar. 11.

In the House of Commons, Sir Eric Geddes foreshadowed the extensive electrification of railways. Heavy electrical locomotives had been tried and proved most successful. In order to get rid of "empty haulage" the Government proposed to acquire all the privately owned railway wagons. The wartime railway organisation would continue for two years; thereafter he looked for the establishment of a central commission in London and a district commission representing the Government and district and labour for the zones into which the country would be divided. He thought agriculture would be best developed by motor traction although the extension of light railways was contemplated.

AUSTRALIAN LABOUR DEMANDS.

Sydney Mar. 17.

New South Wales Labourites are demanding guarantees against unemployment and a 30 hours week for miners.

CANADIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

Ottawa, Mar. 17.

Members of the indoor Civil Service have rejected affiliation with organised Labour at present but the decision will be reconsidered later.

A BYE-ELECTION.

London, March 17.

The North Londonderry bye-election resulted as follows:—

H. T. Barrie, Unionist, ... 9,833

P. McGilligan, Sinn Feiner 4,333.

GERMAN AFFAIRS.

Bale, Mar. 16.

A message from Vienna says that the German-Austrian Assembly has passed a Bill incorporating German Austria in the German republic.

Copenhagen, Mar. 17.

A message from Berlin states that Herr Noske has withdrawn his order that anyone fighting against the Government will be shot.

Amsterdam, Mar. 17.

War Minister Reinhardt has dismissed practically all the German ex-Commanders on the Western Front and has forbidden them to leave Germany owing to the possibility of being courtmartialled.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



The film that everybody is talking about.

"SHOULDER ARMS."

COMMENCING
THURSDAY.
AT THE
VICTORIA.

WE SELL EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

JAMES LAU & CO.

TEL. NO. 2916. 26 WYNDHAM STREET.

LIBERTY MALT BEVERAGE.

San Miguel's Special Brew, Guaranteed to be non-alcoholic but tastes and looks like Beer. It Creates an Appetite, and Ensures Good Digestion. Recommended for Children, Women, and the aged.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

VICENTE ATIENZA.

18 NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

Tel. K155.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY CHEMISTS.

14 Queen's Road, Central.

U-BOAT CHASERS FOR SALE.
One hundred of the United States submarine chasers are being offered for sale in England. They are wooden vessels, 110ft. long, of 70 tons, driven by 200-h.p. gasoline engines, and capable of 15 knots. The average cost is about \$18,000.

THE "TELEGRAPH" IS THE FEATURE PAPER

LOOK OUT

On MONDAYS for
"CURRENT COIN"
On TUESDAYS for
"AN ISLANDER'S DIARY"
On WEDNESDAYS for
"MODERN MODES"
On THURSDAYS for
"MUSICAL JOTTINGS"
On FRIDAYS for
"ROBBIE'S LETTER"
On SATURDAYS for the
"PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT"

SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY.

Note the day on which your favourite feature appears.

WISEMAN, LTD.

TEA DANCES TO-DAY

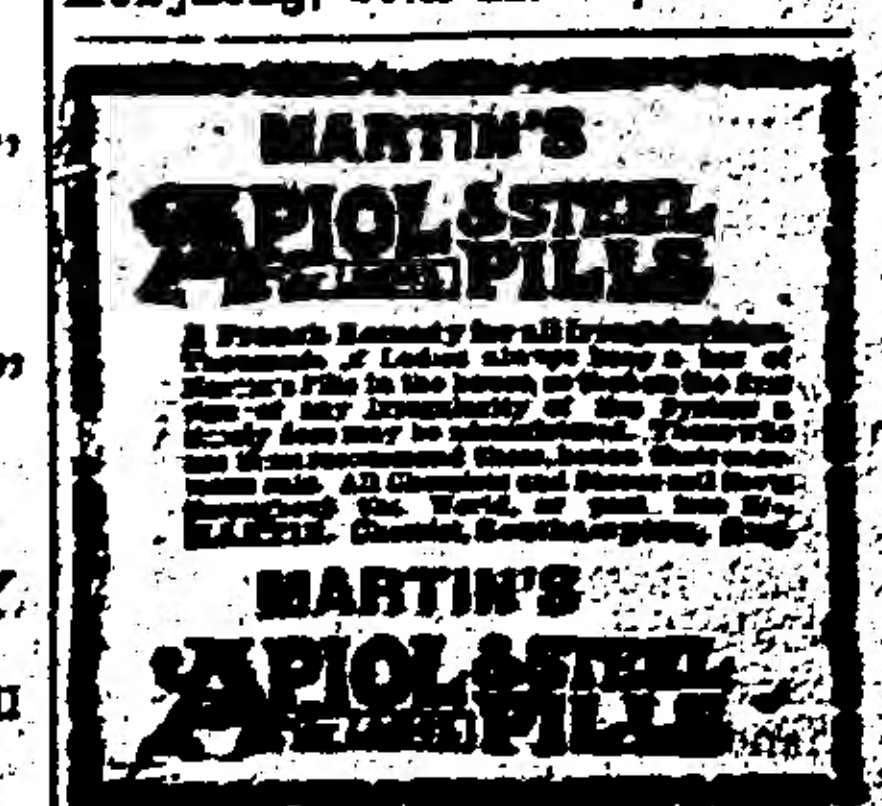
(MONDAY) March 24th,
TUESDAY, March 25th,
FRIDAY, March 28th
and
DINNER DANCE
on
THURSDAY, March 27th.

KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

An extraordinary General Meeting of members will be held on WEDNESDAY March 26th in the Club House at 5.30 p.m.

Business:—Alteration of rules, a copy of proposed rules can be seen on the Club notice board.

L. J. BLACKBURN,
Hon. Secretary.
Hon. Kong, 20th March, 1919.



WYNAND

FAMOUS
ESTABLISHED



FOCKINK

LIQUEURS
1679

AS PURVEYED

TO ALL THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLDS

A BRAND OF LIQUEURS WHICH EXELS IN MERIT.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA:—

HOLLAND PACIFIC TRADING CO.

(INCORPORATED IN HOLLAND)

POWELL'S BUILDING

NOTICE.

HONGKONG DOG-CAT-POULTRY
AND PIGEON SHOW 1919.

A show in connection with the above will be held (by kind permission of the Stewards, Hongkong Jockey Club) within their enclosure, Happy Valley, on Saturday, the 12th April, 1919.

Entry forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

G. W. GEGG.

Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
c/o Messrs. Fugher & Ho, 17.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS	Every 15 min.
6.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m.	15 min.
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m.	15 min.
1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m.	15 min.
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m.	15 min.
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.	15 min.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	15 min.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	15 min.

NIGHT CARS.

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m.

SATURDAY EXTRA CARS.

12.00 mid-night.

SUNDAYS.

1.00 a.m. to 1.30 a.m. 1.30 a.m. to 2.00 a.m.

NIGHT CARS.

As on week days.

SPECIAL CARS.

By arrangement at the Company's Office.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON.

THE ASSOCIATION OF
EXPORTERS & DEALERS OF
HONGKONG.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the ASSOCIATION OF EXPORTERS & DEALERS OF HONGKONG will be held on (WEDNESDAY), 26th MARCH, 1919, at 4 p.m. precisely, in the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM, CHARTERED BANK BUILDING, for the following purpose:

- (1) To receive the Report and Accounts of the Committee for the year ended 31st December, 1918.
- (2) To elect a new Committee.
- (3) To transact any General Business.

By Order,
E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 12th March, 1919.

EXCHANGE.

SELLING.

T/T Demand	3/13 1/16
30 d/s Demand	3/2 1/16
60 d/s Demand	3/2 3/16
4 m/s Demand	3/2 5/16
T/T Shanghai	Nom.
T/T Singapore	135
T/T Japan	147 1/2
T/T India	Nom.
Demand, India	Nom.
T/T San Francisco	74 1/2
co & New York	182
T/T Java	N. m.
T/T Manila	416 1/2
T/T France	417
Demand, Paris	417

BUYING.

4 m/s L/C	3/3
4 m/s D/P	3/3 1/4
6 m/s L/C	3/3 1/2
30 d/s Sydney and Melbourne	3/3 1/4
30 d/s San Francisco co & New York	76 1/4
4 m/s Marks	Nom.
4 m/s France	434
6 m/s France	439
Demand Germany	75
Demand, New York	Nom.
T/T Bombay	Nom.
Demand, Bombay	Nom.
T/T Calcutta	Nom.
Demand, Calcutta	152 1/4
Demand, Singapore	135
On Haiphong	Nom.
On Saigon	49 1/4
On Bangkok	625
Sovereign	44 60
Gold leaf per oz.	47 1/2
Bar Silver, per oz.	47 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

DISCOUNT PER \$100.	
H'kong 50 cts sub.	\$1.50% dis.
10 "	\$1.2 1/2% dis.
5 "	\$1% dis.
1 "	5% dis.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG FIRE
INSURANCE
CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Fiftieth Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Office of the undersigned at noon on Saturday the 19th instant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 15th to the 29th instant, both days inclusive.

At this Meeting a Resolution will be proposed that, owing to the Consulting Committee's recommendation made up to the maximum number of eight, the remuneration to the Committee be increased from \$7,000 to \$8,000.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

General Managers.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 12th March, 1919.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING
COMPANY LIMITED.NOTICE.—THE FORTY-
FIRST ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE
COMPANY will be held at the
Office of the General Agents,
Pedder Street, on THURSDAY
the 27th instant at 11.30 A.M. for
the purpose of receiving the
Report and Statement of Accounts
for the year ending 31st
December 1918.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 13th to 27th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

General Agents.

Hongkong, 4th March, 1919.

THE CHINA-BORNEO
CO. LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixteenth early Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Buildings, at 11.30 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 26th March, 1919, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for 31st December, 1918, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 15th March to the 26th March, 1919, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1919.

THE HONGKONG AND
WHAMPOA DOCK
CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Office of the Company, 2 Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on Monday 31st March, 1919, at noon, for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1918.

The Share Register and Transfer Books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st inst., both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. M. DYER, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1919.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY
CO. LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, St. George's Buildings, No. 2, Cornhill Road, on TUESDAY, the 1st April, 1919, at 11 a.m. for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December 1918, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

W. E. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
WEDNESDAY, the 26th March
1919,

commencing at 11.30 a.m.
at his Sales Rooms, Duddell
Street.

(For account of the concerned)

200 Bales Green Line
Cables.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
THURSDAY, the 27th March,
1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.
at his Sales Rooms, Duddell
Street.

An Assortment of English
Paints and Varnishes
comprising:—

Ferrodium Grey, Red, Super
Engine Green, Moist Colour,
Purple Brown Moist Colour,
Super Chocolate, Sanitary Paints,
Black Japan, Hard Drying
Carriage Varnish etc.

Also
A Quantity of Aquatints
Washable Distemper (in various
colours) and
One Lot of "Robbials" Enamel
in various tints.

On view from Wednesday the
26th inst.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
MONDAY, the 24th March,
1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.
On Kowloon Marine Lot
No. 49, Yau-mah.

(For account of the concerned)

About 9,300 Bags of Rice
all more or less damaged by sea-
water ex S.S. "Kasuga Maru."

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
WEDNESDAY, the 26th March
1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.
at his Sales Rooms, Duddell
Street.

(For account of the concerned)

MILD STEEL PAN HEAD
RIVETS

3" x 2 1/2" 3"
50 50 50 cwt.

3" x 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2" 2 1/2" 3"
50 50 100 100 100 100 100

1 cwt.

3" x 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2" 2 1/2" 3"
50 50 100 100 100 100 100

1 cwt.

On View: Now

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT
LOAN & MORTGAGE
CO., LTD.

THE TWENTY-SECOND
ORDINARY ANNUAL
MEETING OF SHAREHOLD-
ERS of the Company will be
held at the Office of the Com-
pany, St. George's Buildings, No. 2,
Cornhill Road, on TUESDAY,
the 1st April, 1919, at 11 a.m. for
the purpose of receiving a State-
ment of Accounts and the Report
of the General Managers for the
year ending 31st December 1918,
and electing a Consulting Com-
mittee and Auditors.

By Order of the Board
of Directors

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions from W.
Murray Scott Esq. to sell by
Public Auction on
MONDAY 31st March,
1919.

commencing at 2.30 p.m.
at his residence "La Hacienda,"
No. 73, The Peak.

The Whole of his Valuable
Household Furniture.

comprising:—

Chest-of-drawers, Tapestry
covered easy corner, Teak writing
desk and bookcase, Teak curio
cabinet, copper fender and coal
scuttle, Electric standard and
table lamps, Pile carpets and
Rugs, 1 lace, Tapestry and cas-
ement curtains etc., etc.

Teak dining table and chairs
Teak sideboard and dinner
waggon, Sectional bookcase, Oak
smoking cabinet, Teak ice chest,
Screens, Dinner and breakfast
services, Cutlery and Glass ware
etc., etc.

Brass and teak twin bedstead,
Teak toilet tables with bevelled
mirrors, Marble top washstands,
Teak wardrobe and chest of
drawers, Oak Bedroom suite, Tin
lined box couch, Toilet crockery
etc., etc.

Also
One Tenn's centre net and
boundary net (nearly new)

One Lawn Mower

A Large quantity of Plants in
pots

And
One Cottage Piano by "Collard
& Collard" (in fine condition)

One Japanese safe

On View from Saturday, the
29th inst.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
WEDNESDAY, the 9th April,
1919,

commencing at 12 o'clock (noon)
at his Sales Rooms, Duddell
Street.

(For account of the concerned)

The Wreck of the S. S.
Ylamamud

(2332 tons nett register)

As she now lies on Alligator
Island (near Foochow) with
all anchors, chains, gear and
appurtenances, etc.

Terms: Cash on fall of hammer
when the wreck will be at
purchasers risk.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on
FRIDAY, the 28th March,
1919,

commencing at 2.30 p.m.
at No. 4, Peak Road

A Quantity of Valuable House-
hold Furniture

Comprising:—

Silk tapestry covered drawing
room suite, teak chiffonier, teak
hairstand, cherrywood desk and
chair, console mirror, marble
clocks and statue, Brass flower
pots and vases, Japanese water
colours, engravings, etchings,
ornaments, tapestry curtains, pile
carpets and rugs, electric fittings
etc.

Teak extension dining table
and morocco covered chairs, teak
sideboard and dinner waggon with
bevelled mirrors, teak ice chest,
brass fenders, dinner and dessert
services, electro-plate and glass
ware, cutlery etc.

Solid double brass bedstead,
teak single and double wardrobe
with bevelled mirrors, teak
bureau with bevelled mirror,
marble top washstand, tapestry
toilet crockery etc. etc.

Also
A few pieces of Canton
Blackwood

Comprising:—

Table, chairs, settee, flower
stands, music and curio cabinet,
stools and ornaments etc.

And
One Cottage Piano by "John
Brinsford & Sons" (in fine condi-
tion)

On view from Thursday, the
27th inst.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

GOVERNMENT BANK.

(Specially authorised by Presidential
Mandate of 2nd November, 1917.)

Authorised Capital \$50,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital \$12,375,800.00
Reserve Funds \$3,197,400.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

BRANCHES & SUB-BRANCHES:

(Peking): Haining, Tungchow,
(North): Miyun, Chohien, Pakien,
Ninlan, Huanhsia, (Chihli):
Tientsin, Pootung, Lutai, Tsinhai-
sien, Sangfang, Shuntseifu, Tang-
shan, Taming, Chohhsien Weinsien,
(Manchuria): Changchun, Moakden,
Kirin, Taitshai, Newchang, Liao-
yuanchow, Heho, Haimingto,
Tsaoanfo, Harbin, Dainy, Antang,
Tiching, Chinghsien, Sifeng, Hulan,
Suifu, Hailun, Ninguta, Kung-
chuling, Liaoyang, Fuyu, Yenchi,
Kaipingien (Hebei): Hankow,
Shasi, Ichang, (Hunan): Changsha,
(Kiangsu): Shanghai, Nanking,
Soochow, Yangchow, Chinkiang,
Wushu, Hanchowfu, Tungchow,
(South): Tsinkiangpo, (Shantung):
Tsinan, Tsingtao, Cheloo, Tonghsien,
Lintsinhsien, (Shansi): Taiyuanfu,
Yunsheng, Sinkianhsien, Tsinanfu,
(Honan): Kaihung, Chowkiakow,
Hsinhsien, (Kwangtung): Hongkong,
Canton, Swatow, Kiangchow, (Kien-
kien): Foochow, Amoy, Hankow,
Chuanchow, Changchow, San-
tsuo, (Chekiang): Hangchow, Shao-
ching, Huchow, Kashing, Wenchow,
Ninpo, Lanchi, Yuyao, Haimen,
(Kiangsu): Nanchang, Kinkiang,
Kanchowfu, Chintsechen, Chian,
(Anhui): Wuhu, Anking, Paigow,
Lochow, Taitung, Tungki, Luas,
(Szechuan): (Kweichow): Kweichow-
fu, (Shansi): Shianfu, Hangchowfu,
(Gansu): Kweichow, Paotow-
chen (Tashar): Kalgan, Fengchen,
(Urga): Urga, Haktiao.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Interest allowed on current ac-
counts and fixed deposits. Terms
on application. Every description of
Banking Business transacted. Loans
granted on approved securities.
Special facilities for home exchange.

TSUYEE PEI,
Manager.

RAMSAY & CO.

WE HAVE A LARGE SELECTION OF
TYPEWRITERS ALWAYS IN STOCK, AND
SOLICIT YOUR KIND INSPECTION.

WE SPECIALISE IN TYPEWRITER
REPAIRS WHICH ARE EXECUTED BY
EXPERT MECHANICS.

WE ARE IN THE BEST POSITION TO
SUPPLY TYPEWRITER REQUISITES
SUCH AS CARBON PAPER, ETC.

G. RAMSAY & CO.

All persons, with the ex-
ception of those of Chinese
race, desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person
between the hours of 9 a.m. to
1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily
— AT THE PASS OFFICE, POST
OFFICE BUILDING.

Applicants will be required to
produce Passports or identifica-
tion papers.

All persons with certain excep-
tions who remain in the
Colony for more than 7 days are
required to Register themselves
under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916.

Forms of Registration giving the
particulars required may be
obtained at the G. P. O. and at
all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non-com-
pliance is a fine not exceeding
\$50.

THE HONGKONG & SOUTH
CHINA WAR SAVINGS
ASSOCIATION.

APPLICATION forms for
Membership of the above
Association may be obtained
from all the Banks or from the
undersigned.

THE UNION INSURANCE
SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

Honorary Secretaries &
Treasurers.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1919

HIMROD'S

Remedy for Asthma

It is a fact that many persons
suffering from Asthma find relief
in the use of Himrod's Remedy.
This is because it is a powerful
expectorant and bronchodilator,
and it is also a powerful
sedative and anodyne.

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